YOU CAN GET

10 Years' Old P & O Whisky

EVERYWHERE, if you demand it.

Rs. 30 a DOZEN.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,083—New Series. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER, 31, 1900.

Milkmaid

LARGEST SALE of any Milk in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY, 3 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1900.
M.L. CHINA	7912	T. S. Angus	3rd Nov.
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	10th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	C. F. Preston	17th "
* PENINSULAR	5317	T. Leigh	24th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	1st Dec,
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	8th "
M.L. PERSIA	8009	W. A. Wheler	15th "
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
M.L. SOBRAON	7382	L. M. Wibmer	29th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London. Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of Sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 29th September, 1900.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on
HABSBURG	R. Mitis	4,016	1st Nov., 1900.
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	1st Dec. 1900.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 325.	Rs. 156.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID AND FIUME.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail
GISELA	F. Mosca	4,253	in Jan., 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 160.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 960.	Rs. 575.
Available for 12 months	" 1,060.	" 625.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE transhipat TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about

A Primage of 10 per cent. is collected on all Passages.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.

Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 22nd Oct., 1900.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
SYDNEY	4,232	Aubert	22nd Nov., 1900.
ANNAM	6,208	Poydenot	20th Dec., 1900.
OCEANIEN	4,259	X	17th Jan. 1901.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "OCEANIEN," 4,259 tons, Captain ..... to sail on or about the 15th Nov. 1900.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

O. RUINAT, Agent.

New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,

BANKERS & AGENTS,

BOMBAY—8, Hornby Road.
CALCUTTA—3-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
COLOMBO.—Clifford Berry & Co.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.

Branch Office at CAPE TOWN, Africa.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200, and Interest allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at Interest to be learned on Application.

PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected.

Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.

TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.

ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.

VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at LIENTS' Service.

STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.

GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.

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Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on Application.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 2nd November, at 2 p. m., or later on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST AND KARACHI.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 6th November, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porbundar, and Cutch Mandvie, (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF

S. S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 1st November, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, AND LAMU.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 27th November.

FOR KARACHI, SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA, AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,729 tons, on or about 9th November.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PATNA," 1,820 tons, on or about 3rd November.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 30th October, 1900.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged and best available Berths secured at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O. and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares and full information furnished by return of post on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers Travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London ; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA or BRINDISI and VENICE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
S.S. Dco. BALDUINO.	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Nov.
" R. RUBATTINO.	4,580	M. Saporito	15th Dec.

BOMBAY TO VENICE DIRECT.
CALLING AT ALEXANDRIA AND BRINDISI.

		Or about
S.S. ——		27th January, 1901.
S.S. ——		24th February, 1901.
S.S. ——		27th March, 1901.
S.S. ——		26th April, 1901.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	Single Tickets,	Return Tickets. 4 months.	6 months.	9 months.	12 months.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1st Class	550	825	880	935	1,000
2nd "	325	500	525	550	600
3rd "	150	..	..	..	..

A primage of 10 per cent. is collected on all passages.

Passengers have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice, or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port, resuming it by subsequent steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

S. S. NORMIDA, Tons 3,000, from BOMBAY to HONGKONG calling at Singapore, on the 17th November, 1900.

F. BALDOVINO, Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.

SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.

PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.

HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on Application.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.

PACKAGES cleared or shipped.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents : GRINDLAY & CO.

DOCTOR MENIST SPECTACLES.

REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver Rs.	Steel & Nickel Rs.
With Turnpin Side	50	28	16
With Single Temple	50	24	16
With Cur	50	24	16
Folders or Pince-Nez	50	24	16

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S.

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movillete" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men

Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Nickel. Rs.	Steel. Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

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TREACHER & CO., LD.,

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GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

THE Goods sold by the Company are warranted to be the Best of their several kinds. They are procured only from Houses most in repute and being frequently imported, and in small Parcels, Customers may always rely upon their Freshness.

SPECIAL TERMS ARE OFFERED TO

MESSES AND CLUBS.

TREACHER & Co.'s MONTHLY STORE CATALOGUE WITH ALL DETAILS AND PRICES WILL BE SENT ON APPLICATION.

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

FRENCH STORES.

TRUFFLED SAUSAGES.	MUSHROOMS DE PARIS.
CHOUCROUTE GARNI.	MACEDOINE DE LEGUMES.
ANCHOVIES IN OIL.	PETITS POIS, EXTRA Quality.
THOU IN OIL.	ASPARAGUS POINTES.
ROYANS A LA BORDELAISE.	TRUFFES DU PERIGORD.
PATE DE FOIES GRAS.	TRUFFES PIECES FOR COOKING.
PREPARED FRENCH MUSTARD.	COCKS COMBS.
FRENCH SAUCES.	GUENELLES GARNITURE FINANCIER.
ASPARAGUS EXTRA FINE.	

SPANISH AND FRENCH OLIVES.

BEST YORK HAMS, boiled in cut ..... Rs. 2-8 Per lb.
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON, in flitch ..... Rs. 1-0 Per lb.

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HIGH CLASS STORES,

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GENUINE FIRST CLASS HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES

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Mother Tinctures, powders and high dilutions Schussler's Tissue-Remedies, all at 1 1-2 anna per dram.

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at Annas 4 per tube.

A box of the 33 Specifics, Rs. 7.

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N.B.—All the profits go to upkeep of the Leper Asylum and the Hospital.

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(Special Rates to Hospitals, Clubs and Messes.)

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A good wholesome Whisky at a Moderate Price.

Of all Dealers, or of

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"NEUBERG'S CHEROOTS."

NEW SHIPMENT OF

TRICHINOPOLY CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

"Well rolled and well flavoured they bear off the palm,
They soothe leisure moments and anger disarm,
From the crown of your hat to the soles of your boots
You feel that there's virtue in Neuberg's Cheroots."

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks which are simply *unapproachable* as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

Parcels for Friends at Home made up on Shortest possible Notice.

SPECIAL REGARD FOR DUTIABLE WEIGHTS ! !

FLOR DE JAVAS,

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS.

FREE DRAUGHT,
SPLENDID CONDITION,
PUREST TOBACCO.

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And all the present leading Indian Brands

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"SPOTTED CABANAS,"
The Genuine Article. Very Choice.

REAL BURMAH CHEROOTS.
Direct from Burmah.
Very finest obtainable.

NEUBERG'S "CONDITIONERS" for the MONSOON,

Keeps Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos in perfect condition.

J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY

CYCLING SEASON, 1900.

FREE WHEEL ROYAL ENFIELD BICYCLES

riding with the Jehul Free Wheel Gear and Jehul Free Wheel Brake can be obtained by the use of the Enfield Free Wheel Bicycles.

men will find that long-distance riding can be performed on these magnificent Bicycles with less exhaustion.

Enfields are types of Bicycles that have been popular with the Public for many years past.

is a name that has been associated with the soundest work possible, and their

are built with the best material, and with the utmost care to secure a continuity of the great reputation the Manufactures have steadily acquired.

Cash Quotations and Quotations for Extended Payments on Application to

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE

CYCLE COMPONENTS MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED.

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LTD., have received a few samples of Bicycles manufactured by the Cycle Components Manufacturing Co., Ltd. These Machines contain many Patented and Registered parts in universal demand, the whole being designed on mechanical lines and finished in a style to make them desirable Bicycles.

Gent's Model GCC, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	Cash Rs.	230 ;	Credit Rs.	255
Gent's Model AM/C, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	"	260	"	290
Gent's GCC Model, Gold lined, Extra fittings, 26-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres.	"	300	"	330
Lady's Model AM/C, 23-in. frame, fitted with Dunlop 1900 Pneumatic Tyres	"	285	"	315
Lady's Model BM/C	"	230	"	255

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Brand is the latest addition to our List. They are packed in

Boxes of 100, each Cigar being Ringed with a "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS." Ring

"BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS" Extra large 5 inches, Rs. 37-8.

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LIGHT, PURE, WHOLESOME.

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WHOLSALE AGENTS :— H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO.,
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TO BE HAD OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT DEALERS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

IN pursuance of a REQUISITION made by four Members of the Standing Committee under Section 35 (b) of the Municipal Act, an URGENCY MEETING of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 5th November, 1900, at 3-30 P.M., to consider the question of the selection of a New Health Officer, Dr. Joseph Priestley having intimated his inability to accept the appointment.

By order of the President.

M. N. WADIA,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Office, Bombay, 30th October, 1900.

BOATING! BOATING!!

BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR PICNIC AND PLEASURE PARTIES.

FINE AND FASHIONABLE GENTRY OF BOMBAY THE BEAUTIFUL.

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BY

CHUNILAL HARILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B.,

It will, I am sure, prove a useful and convenient book of reference to all concerned in the administration of the Criminal Law.—Hon. Sir C. A. WHITE, C. J., Madras.

Your digest is an excellent book . . . I have found it very useful.—R. GHOSH, Bar-at-Law, Calcutta.

The comprehensive Criminal Digest is a very valuable compilation.—"Indian Review," Madras.

I think it a most valuable compilation and well deserves its name.—Hon. Mr. Justice BATTY, H. C., Bombay.

It is a concise, careful, and well conceived compendium . . . I have put it to the test and found it very helpful.—N. M. SAMARTH, Vakil, Bombay.

This digest is an improvement in many respects over all the existing criminal digests and promises to supersede them all. It is by far the greatest criminal digest yet published in India.—"LAWYER," July, 1900.

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Up-Country Orders carefully and promptly executed.

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F. S. MADON AND CO.,

170, SHAIK MEMON STREET,

BOMBAY.

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,

BOMBAY,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE INDIA RUBBER, GUTTA PERCHA AND TELEGRAPH WORKS CO., LD, SILVERTOWN.

ELECTRICAL STORES, CONTRACTORS TOOLS, CEMENT, COAL TAR, RUBBER, PAINTS, OILS METALS, AND ENGINEERS' SUNDRIES.

Sole Agents in Bombay for

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Particulars and Prices on Application.

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,

ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS,

BOMBAY.

THE WESTREN INDIA TYPEWRITING COMPANY,

No. 57, ESPLANADE ROAD,

OPPOSITE THE BOMBAY CLUB.

A SCHOOL of TYPEWRITING and SHORTHAND has been OPENED by the above Company, which provides unequalled facilities to students for rapidly acquiring a thoroughly practical knowledge within three months. Special arrangements have been made to give INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTIONS at any time during the course of the day to the Pupils' entire SATISFACTION. CERTIFICATES of Proficiency are guaranteed and Students are recommended for EMPLOYMENT.

COPYING WORK of all kinds done on Special Terms.

TYPEWRITERS and ACCESSORIES supplied and REPAIRS promptly executed.

TERMS on Application:

TO THE MANAGER.

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OFFICES: ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

THE Company has a LARGE and VARIED STOCK of TELEPHONES of the latest and most approved designs.

Office and Domestic Telephones for indoor use.

Perfected General Inter-communication Telephones for large Offices, Warehouses, Hotels, &c.

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Portable Military or Field Telephones, for Rifle Ranges and field operations in temporary or standing camps.

Telephone accessories and material of every description kept in stock. Estimates furnished for Installations and instructions given for erection and maintenance, or undertaken, if desired.

The Company also SUPPLY Electric Bells, Indicators, Pushes, Lightning conductors, Medical Induction Coils, &c.

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ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy, based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of VAIDYA SHASTRI MANI-SHANKAR GOVINDJI, Atank Nigrah Pharmacy, KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES GIRGAUM.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness, (30,) and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale or for treatment including Syce per mensem	35
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

CRUSHED FOOD OATS, BEAN Supplied, &c.,

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re 1, each succeeding line, As 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

FOR PRESENTATION.—Silver mounted PHOTO FRAMES. English-made, Solid Sterling Silver Mounts in Artistic Chased and open work designs, a dozen patterns to choose from. Cabinet size, Rs. 15 to 25. Carte de Visite, Rs. 8 to 12.—MARCKS AND CO., LD., Bombay and Poona.

EK-DAM RINGWORM SPECIFIC.—The only Remedy known which cures Ringworm or Dhobies' Itch in one application. Per bottle, Ans. 12. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NEW TWEED HATS, STRAW BOATERS and CAPS, the latest Fashion for Gent's wear. Silk Lined, Soft Cheviots and Homespuns, Smart and Stylish Straw Boaters, firm, Double Brims, Full Top Cups, Silk Lined—ASQUITH and LORD, opposite Clock Tower.

BEWARE of IMITATORS.—The only firm renowned for Dying, Washing and Bleaching Dresses and Silk, Wool and Cotton goods to latest style and perfection is DESAI and Co., No. 37, Bombay and Chandanwadi High School, opposite the Old Shop.

MATHARAN "Granville" is a first class European Hotel, consisting of Detached Bungalows suitable for families, and large, airy single rooms. Occupies highest, coolest central position.

MESSRS. S. NARAEN & Co. have REMOVED their offices to 24, Medows Street, opposite the "EXAMINER PRESS."

LOVELY ORANGE PEKOE TEAS.—Our this Season Spring Crop Orange Pekoe Teas, are unsurpassable both in quality and flavour. Prices in 1 lb. Tins; Flowery Orange Pekoe at Rs. 1-4, Extra Fine Orange Pekoe at Rs. 1-4, and unassorted Orange Pekoe at Rs. 1-2 per lb. Two Annas less per lb. for large purchases.—MORTON, MAJU and Co., Agents, The Bombay Tea Association, Ld., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

ENLARGEMENTS up to LIFE SIZE made in Various styles, with high class finish, without losing tone, likeness, and character, by RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Photographers by Royal Warrant to H I M the Queen Empress of India, Bombay and Secunderabad.

FRESH CRUSHED HORSE FOOD, nutritious and unrivalled in the Market, Rs. 5-8, per cwt., and Gram, Bran, Oats, Barley at the Cheapest Rate, Free delivery. Address GRAM and BARLEY STORES, Lower Colaba, No. 387.

ELECTRIC BELLS and TELEPHONES, BATTERIES, and ACCESSORIES, Stock in large variety by

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, 9, Medows Street, Bombay.

£2,200,000 POLICIES were issued by the STANDARD in 1899 being the largest amount in the History of the Company.—Apply STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, Bombay and Madras.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses, &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy) as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Portuguese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Highest reference given if required. Fee Rs. 2 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, N. B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices.

100 RUPEES PRIZE.—Open to every body, nothing to pay. Apply for terms to The SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 5 Church Gate Street, Bombay.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hitaji, at Rs. 5-12-3 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-13-2 per case, at Bandora.

FORMS of POWER OF ATTORNEY, Neatly printed, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

RECEIVED, English Concertinas, expressly made to our order in London. In case complete, Rs. 60 to Rs. 180.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive. Contains valuable Information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE. Re. 1. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office

COMPOUND NERVINE ELIXIR, one of the most powerful Tonics made, contains Coca, Damiana, Phosphorous and Nux Vomica. A sure remedy for Nervous Debility. Price Rs. 2-8 Per. bottle.—THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers.—In India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routs in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price, 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1, Trafalgar Building Charing Cross, London.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c. Indian Subscription. Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription. Rs. 15 per year Including Postage.

FURNITURE.—Messrs. AHMED DEWJI and BROTHERS respectfully invite the Public to inspect their SHOW-ROOM in Chukla Street.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Re. 6: Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

J. GHOSE AND SONS,

BOOK COLLECTORS OF CALCUTTA,

Temporary Address: Khandwa.

TO BE SHORTLY PUBLISHED.

1. RAJA OF SATARA DETHRONED, with all the Papers on the case and the Impeachment of Colonel C. Evans, Rs. 3-8-0.
2. MY THOUGHTS: Religious, Social and Moral. In seven languages. Under the patronage of H. H. the Rao of Cutch, G.C.I.E. Free Distribution.
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FOR SALE.

1. LORD'S DISCOVERY OF THE SECT OF THE BANIANS AND THE RELIGION OF THE PARSEES. Wherein is shewn the superstitious ceremonies used amongst them. More especially their Idolatrous Worship of Fire. Cr. size Edition, 1630. Price on application. VERY SCARCE.
2. EDWARD MOOR'S HINDU PANTHEON, with 105 Steel Plates, 4to calf, 1810. VERY SCARCE.

All communications to be addressed to the FIRM.

DON'T COUGH—USE
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There is absolutely no remedy so speedy and effectual. One Lozenge alone gives relief. Simple, but sure in action, they can be taken by the most delicate.

KEATING'S LOZENGES,
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KEATING'S LOZENGES,

If you cannot sleep for coughing, one Keating's Lozenge will set you right. They at once check the cough and attack the cause. A sale for past 80 years (1899 sale was a record) proves them

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
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UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the rivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 1st proximo, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "West View" Wodehouse Road, Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome substantial made teakwood and blackwood dining-room, drawing-room, and bed-room furniture of the latest design, plateware, crockery and glassware, table ornaments, lamps, pictures, carpets, etc., the property of J. E. BRIDGEN, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY the 3rd prox., at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Nesbit Lane, Mazagon, opposite the Mazagon Police Courts, the valuable and neat French polished blackwood and teakwood dining room, drawing room, bedroom and office room furniture, incandescent gas 3 light chandelier, hanging and bracket lamps, English iron safe on stand, fowl houses, etc., the property of E. J. RUBIN, Esq., proceeded to Panchganny.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before sale.

SALE OF A HOUSE IN LAWRENCE D'LIMA STREET AT MAZAGON.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, as Administrator of the Estate of the late Mr. Joseph Romeo Viveiros, and with the concurrence of the Vicar and Wardens of the Church of Our Lady of the Rosary at Mazagon (who have a half share in the house), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of November next, at 4 p.m., the undermentioned property, viz:—

All that piece of Fazendari ground, together with the messuage or upper-storied dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the west side of Lawrence D'Lima Street at Mazagon, in the sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 175 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 5131 and Street Nos. 44, 46, and 48, and bounded on the east by the aforesaid Lawrence D'Lima Street, on the west by the ground of the Fazandar, on the north by a passage of the Fazandar and beyond that by the house of the Fazandar, and on the south by a passage of the Fazandar and beyond that by the house of Mrs. Machado.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Undersigned.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th proximo, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Albert Building top floor, Hornby Road, Fort, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood dining, drawing and bedroom furniture, rich crockery and glassware best plateware and cutlery, brass bedstead complete, revolving writing table, photographs and oleographs, solid brass curtain rods with brackets, table, hanging and standing lamps, drawing room suit lived velvet, table ornaments, handsome screens with China cloth, English ice box, Hyderabad rugs, China flower stands, etc., the property of C. E. PHILLIMORE, Esq., proceeded to England.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on views 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 31st October, 1900.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the "Bird Cage," Middle Colaba, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood, plain and carved household furniture by Wimbridge and others of the latest design, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware by Reed and Barton, Persian and Brussels carpets, Bagatelle table by John Roberts with balls and cues complete, pictures and oleographs, China and Japanese flower vases and table ornaments, 1 stylish rubber tyred dog-cart in splendid condition by "Bennett" Ipswich, adjustable seat and shafts suitable for animal from 13-3 to 14-3, one handsome strong rubber tyred cabriolet, &c. &c., the property of M. T. CAROLL Esq., proceeded to Europe.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PIECE OF FORAS LAND AT DELISLE ROAD, NEAR THE G. I. P. RAILWAY, BYCULLA STATION.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 1st proximo, at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following valuable vacant piece of land:—

All that piece or parcel of foras land, situate without the Fort of Bombay, at Chinchpoogly, on the west side of DeLisle Road, in the Island of Bombay, in the sub-district of Mandvie, containing by admeasurement 11,023 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 201, Old No. 202, and New Survey No. 3423, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the south by Government land, on or towards the north partly by the vacant ground of Robyn de Souza and Beatrice de Souza and partly by the vacant ground of Michael DeLima-Souza, on or towards the east by the DeLisle Road, and on or towards the west by the vacant ground of Narayen Balajee.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd proximo, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey coloured piece-good, &c.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong victoria in good order.
1 strong-built glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 second-hand strong dog-cart in very good order.
1 chest-nut Arab, quiet in harness.
1 grey pony quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey Hungarian horse, 15 hands, quiet in single and double harness.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY, the 5th November, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction 49 Mount Pleasant Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French polished household furniture of the latest design made to order by Wimbridge and John Roberts, one first-rate mahogany full size slate billiard table by "John Roberts" with balls, cues, lamps, &c., complete, rich glassware by Treacher & Co., best porcelain ware, Messenger's and Ditmar's table lamps, handsome table ornaments and flower vases, &c., &c., the property of JOHN C. ANDERSON, Esq., Barrister-at-law.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sail.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 31st October, 1900.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF OFFICE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will, TO-DAY WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant, sell by Public Auction at 2 p.m on the premises at Medows Street, opposite the office of the Indian Textile Journal, the surplus office and household furniture of Messrs. S. J. Tellery and Co., comprising—

Large teakwood cupboards, writing desks, dining, dressing washing and card tables, arm and without arm chairs, easy chairs large glass doors show, cases, iron bedsteads curtain rods, China mattings, coir rugs, woodenpartition besides a lot of old furniture, teakwood beams, iron, rods and a lot of earthen vases, manufactured by the Bombay Pottery Works.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Bombay, 31st October, 1900. Auctioneers.

THE WAR! THE WAR!!

Help the Britisher and British Industry,

BY SMOKING THE

"DILKHOOSH"

CIGARETTES,

Made in London by Messrs. J. B. JOHNSON & Co., and thereby assist the families of those that are fighting and falling for their Queen and Country.

For every 1,000 Cigarettes sold FOUR ANNAS will be given to the Transvaal War Fund, consequently by buying the "Dilkhoosh" you indirectly give your mite to the War Fund.

THE "DILKHOOSH"

ARE THE FINEST AND BEST CIGARETTES GOING.

SOLD BY

Messrs. PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., D. MERWANJI & Co., F. S. MADON & Co., HORMUZ SHERIAR IRANI, and all respectable Tobacconists.

SOLE AGENT FOR INDIA, BURMA AND CEYLON:

18, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

SPECIFICS for Hydrocele and Elephantiasis guaranteed to cure this disease radically by using this medicine externally. Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle. Apply to

Dr. S. GHOSHAL, SPECIALIST,
No. 85, Beehoo Chattarjee's Street, Calcutta.

INDIAN INDUSTRY.

Being a Reprint of two Letters to the "Bombay Gazette."

And a Lecture by

BEAUCLERK

Price 8 Annas.

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE,"
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay.
Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.,

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

SEE REPORT AND OPINIONS OF THE PRESS AS TO THE REMARKABLE PROGRESS MADE BY THE COMPANY.

ENDOWMENT NON-FORFEITABLE POLICY

FOR Rs. 3,000.

PAYABLE AT AGE 60 OR AT DEATH IF PREVIOUS, WITH PROFITS.

If, at any time, the assured under this plan should desire to cease paying any more premiums, he can obtain a paid-up Policy for such a proportion of the original sum assured as the number of premiums paid bears to the number agreed upon. Thus a gentleman who had assured at age 30 for a Policy of Rs. 3,000 payable at age 60 or at Death, if previous, after 5 years' payments, would be entitled to a Free paid-up Policy or Rs. 500 free of future payments.

MONTHLY PREMIUM.	
At age 20,	Rs. 6-9-0
At age 25,	Rs. 7-8-0
At age 30,	Rs. 8-14-0
At age 35,	Rs. 10-13-0
At age 40,	Rs. 13-12-0
At age 45,	Rs. 18-10-0

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES.

Absolute Security.
* Funds invested in Government Securities and in accordance with the Indian Trust Act.
* Policy holders can appoint their own Directors.
90 per cent. of Profits to Participating Policy holders.
Policies simple in form, worldwide and indisputable.
Lapsed policies revived without fine.
Liberal Surrender Values. 40 per cent. of the Tabular premiums paid.
Loans to Policy holders at 6 per cent. interest.
Guaranteed 5 per cent. Investment Policies. Life and Endowments.
Immediate payment of Claims.
Non-forfeitable though Suicide.
Medical fees and stamps on Policies are payable by the Company.
* The Empire of India is the only Company that offers these guarantees of Security.

The sum Assured is PAYABLE IN FULL should death occur even immediately after payment of the first premium.

GUARANTEE INSURANCE.—This Company issues Guaranteed Policies in situations of trust and responsibility. It is specially authorized to guarantee the employes of the post Office.

Proposal Forms and full Particulars may be obtained from any local Agent in India or from

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

BANKS.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES:—BOMBAY, KARACHI, LAHORE, LONDON, MADRAS, RANGOON AND RAWAL PINDEE.

SUB-BRANCHES:—MURREE, (April to October) and AMRITSAR.

DEPOSIT AGENCIES:—

Messrs. SINCLAIR MURRAY & Co.—Narayanguni.
Messrs. SCHRODER SMIDT & Co.—Dighia Ghat, Dinapur, Patna
Mr. GILBERT FINLAYSON—Sewan, Jhankipore & Chapra
H. FREDERICHSON, Esq.—Raj Nandgaon (Raipur, C. P.).
Messrs. LALLA GUNGARAM CHOONILALL.—Mhow.
MOOCHOOL SHAH, Esq.—Poona.
MANIBHAI JEYSINGBHAI HATHEESING, Esq.—Ahmedabad.
Messrs. CHUNIBHAI DAYABHAI VAKILNAH & Co.—Surat

CAPITAL PAID UP—Rs. 40,00,000.

RATES OF INTEREST allowed are as under—

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS:—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ per cent. per annum.
3 years at 6 per cent. per annum.

The Bank will also at the Head Office or at any of the Branches in India, transfer sums for DEPOSIT in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.

Special Rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS. At present they are—

For 2 and 3 months, at 4 per cent. per annum.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's FEDUCIARY FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 4 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hundies and Currency Notes of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above INTEREST DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for RULES to HEAD OFFICE or BRANCHES.

By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, Bombay, 1st May, 1900.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E. C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL...Frcs. 1,50,000,000, (£6,000,000.)

LONDON BANKERS:—

BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta Bombay, Tunis, San Fransisco, New Orleans, Melbourne Sydney, Tamatave and Tananarivo.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened, and Interest is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000. Rates to be learnt on Application.

Special arrangements may be obtained on Application.

Deposit Accounts are Opened for Fixed Periods at rates to be ascertained on Application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Governme nt Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Papers, Gold, Silver, etc.

W. LLEWELLYN,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 20,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE:

WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
G. E. NOBLE, Esq., 34 Inverness Terrace, Bayswater, W.
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G. } Managers.
JOHN WALTER, Esq. }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY,	HANKOW,	PENANG,	
BANGKOK,	HIOGO,	RANGOON,	
BATAVIA,	ILOILO,	SAIGON,	
BOMBAY,	LYONS,	SANFRANCISCO	
CALCUTTA,	MANILLA,	SINGAPORE,	
COLOMBO,	NAGASAKI,	SOURABAYA,	
FOOCHOW,	NEW YORK,	TIENTSIN,	
HAMBURG,	PEKING,	YOKOHAMA.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. R. THOMSON,
47, Canon Gate Street, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£562,500

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

23, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £330,000

HEAD OFFICE:
37 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Lahore, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Umritsar, Kandy, Newera Eliya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... " 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 8,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

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NOTICES.

WE have to-day REMOVED our OFFICES and GODOWNS from Church Gate Street to No. 15, KLPHINSTONE CIRCLE, the premises Formerly occupied by the Mercantile Bank of India, (Ltd.)

CUTLER PALMER & CO.

Bombay 26th October, 1900.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 402 OF 1899.

CHUNILAL DAMODARDASS .....Plaintiff.

vs.

BAI GULAB, widow of KASSIDAS RAMDASS .....Defendant

PURSUANT to the decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 26th day of January 900, the following immoveable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honorable Court on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of November 1900, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon

PARTICULARS.

All the estate, right, title and interest of the plaintiff above named as the Sole Surviving Son of DAMODARDAS CAHANDAS and of the Defendant abovenamed Widow and Executrix of the last Will and testament of KASIDAS RAMDAS in all that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground, of which Wassoodeo Withoji is the Fazendar together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the Southern side of Third Bhoiwada Street without the Fort wall of Bombay, in the Registration Sub district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 16 feet in breadth and 70 feet in length or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the house of Zeena Muncoon, on or towards the West by the house formerly of Pranjivan Shanker and now of Vijbhookhandas Pranjivandas, on or towards the North by the public road called 3rd Bhoiwada, and on the South by a passage for sweepers and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 4, Ward No. 5395, and Street Nos. 87 89, and which is now in the possession of the Plaintiff abovenamed as Receiver appointed in the said suit No. 402 of 1899.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. BHAISHANKER and KANGA, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 19th day of September, 1900.

A. K. OLIVER,
Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 705 OF 1899.

MERWANJEE MUNCHERJEE CAMA and HORMUSJEE MUNCHERJEE CAMA, both of Bombay, Parsee inhabitants, the former residing at Pedder Road, without the Fort of Bombay, and the latter at Nepean Sea Road, without the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

NOWROJEE NUSS RUVANJEE THOONTHI, also of Bombay, Parsee inhabitant, residing at Shaik Abdul Rehman Street, without the Fort of Bombay.....Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 14th day of June, 1900, the following immovable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court, at his office, in the Court House, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of November, 1900, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate, right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiffs and the defendant in the following property, viz:—

All that piece of land or ground situate at or near Cumbeepura or the Cross Road leading to the Grant Road in the Island of Bombay and containing by admeasurement thirty thousand square feet, be the same, little more or less, and bounded on the North by the property formerly of Mr. Tanner but now by the property of Kesa Fulla, on the South by the Foras Road, on the East by the property formerly of Nowrojee Shapurjee Oomrigar, but now of the Nanjer Foundary, and on the West by the property formerly of Burjorjee Sorabjee Lyawalla but now by the property of Hajee Adam Seedick and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Nos. 43 and 45 and 1 to 4 and Ward No. 2968 to 2997 and 2967 and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No.....and which premises are situate in the sub-district of the Registrar of Bombay.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Mr. Kharshedjee D. Shroff, Attorney for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 13, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated, this 27th day of September, 1900.

J. J. GAZDAR,
Acting Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 707 OF 1899.

MERWANJEE MUNCHERJEE CAMA and HORMUSJEE MUNCHERJEE CAMA, both of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitants, the former residing at Peddar Road and the latter at Napean Sea Road without the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

NOWROJEE NESSERWANJEE THOONTHI, also of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, residing at Shaikh Abdul Rehman street, without the Fort of Bombay .....Defendant.

PURSUANT to the DECREE Absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 14th day of June, 1900, the following immoveable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of November, 1900, at half past three o'clock in the afternoon,

PARTICULARS

All the estate, right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiffs and Defendant in the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground containing by admeasurement 120 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, in Abdool Rehman Street, or Bottlewala Moholla, on the North side thereof and bounded as follows:—On the East by a Sweeper's passage, on the West by the Public Road called Abdool Rehman Street, on the North by the house of Framjee Ruttonjee Oomrigar, and on the South by the house of Nowrojee Nesserwanjee Thoonthi and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of Hormusjee Dorabjee Daroswalla and his tenants and are now in that of the said Nowrojee Nesserwanjee Thoonthi and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under B Ward No. 288, and Street No. 371.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Mr KHARSEDJEE D. SHROFF, Attorney for the Plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 13, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay—Dated this 1st day of October, 1900.

J. J. GAZDAR,
Acting Commissioner.

LIST OF RECENT MILITARY SUBJECTS. NOW IN PROGRESS.

By R. CATON WOODVILLE, R. I.

	Rs.
The Dawn of Majuba Day, 1900 (Surrender of Cronje) 20 by 30 inches	15
A Chip of the Old Block (Charge of C Squadron 5th Lancers at the Battle of Elands Laagte) 20 by 30 inches	15
God Bless you, Tommy Atkins! 14½ by 21½ inches	15
Conquered, but not Subdued. 14½ by 21½ ins.	15
A Race for Life (An incident at Waterloo), 14½ by 21½ inches.	15

PUBLICATIONS NOW READY.

By R. CATON WOODVILLE, R. I.

The Absent-Minded Beggar (Gentleman in Khaki) 12½ by 20 Vignette	15
The Handy Man (Companion to the above) 12 by 20 Vignette	15
Our Brothers from Over the Seas (Centre to the "Absent-Minded Beggar" and "Handy Man") 20½ by 13½ inches	21
All that was Left of Them (Companion to Charge of the Light Brigade), 36½ by 23 inches	31
Jameson's Last Stand (Battle of Doornkop, 2nd January 1896) 32½ by 20½ inches	31
The Charge of the Light Brigade, 36½ by 23½ inches	31

G. D. GILES.

The Charge of the Heavy Brigade, 33½ by 19½ inches	21

STANLEY BERKELEY.

Napoleon's Cuirassiers at Waterloo, 30 by 18½ inches	21

By R. CATON WOODVILLE, R. I.

Alma (Storming the Great Redoubt), 17½ by 29½ inches,	15
Sebastopol (Lord Raglan watching the Attack on the Redan) 17½ by 29½ inches	15
The Storming of Badajos 1812, 29 by 21½ inches	21
"1815" (Napoleon's Old Guard at Waterloo) 32½ by 18½ inches	31

MAUD EARL

What we have we'll hold (The Champion Bull-dog Dimboola) 28½ by 21 inches	15

By R. CATON WOODVILLE, R. I.

For Queen and Empire (Jubilee 1897), 34½ by 18½	31

STANLEY BERKELEY.

Atbara (Charge of the Camerons) 33½ by 23½ inches	21
Omdurman (Charge of the 21st Lancers) 36½ by 23½ inches	21

T. M. HEMY.

The Wreck of the Birkenhead, 17½ by 24½ inches	31

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D. B. DINSHAW & CO.,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. 2 bon.	1,250
Bank of Bengal	40,000	00	all	10 pr. ct.	1,220
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,020
Commercial	10,000	100	100	nil	65
Bank of India.	15,000		75		
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	£6	all	3 pr. ct.	9
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£22 1-2
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-10-0	1
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12 1-2	8 pr. ct.	300

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly.	
Ahmedabad Advantage	70		000	Nil	
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	Nil	190
Anglo-Indian	1,345	—	0	Nil	18
Assur Veerjee Mill. Ltd.	In all 2000 Shares of which 1002 have been all lotted.	Rs. 500 each	Fully paid up	Rs. 25 12 1-2	om.
Aurangabad S. & M. Co., Ld.		1,000	1,000		60
Ahiliary S. & W. Co., Ld. (Belary)	971	60	all	9 per ct.	1,000
Berar Manfg Co., Ld	2,750	550,000	200	12 1-2	170
Bombay United	90	1,000	1,000	Nil	350
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	90	500	500	dvdRs 30	480
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld	500	1,000	1,000	—	90
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	d dRs.50	00
Bombay Woollen Manfg. Co. Ltd	650	1,000	1,000	10 per ct.	1,000
Central India	1,000	500	500	dvdRs.50	1,910
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.30	440
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.25	660
Coimbatore S. and W.	6,000	100	00	9 pr ct.	1
Canaught Mills	600	500	500	25	50
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	Rs. 10	350
Coorla Mills	...	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	350
Currimbhoy Mills	80	1,000	1,000	dvdRs60	615
David Mill	1,400	500	500	dvdRs30	260
Dhulia Ginning and Pressing Co. Ld.	400	250	all	dvdRs20	260
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	100
Empress	2,100	500	500	Nil	250
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	275
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Nil	385
Hirjee Nagpur Mills	700	500	500	40	670
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	50
Hope Mills	500	1,000	1,000	30	350
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	30	1,150xd
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Nil	15
Indian Manfg.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	470
Indo-China Manufactur ing Co., Ld	700	1,000	1,000	dvdRs 50	400
James Greaves,	1,100	500	500	Nil	390
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	dvdRs 20	220
Jamshedi Manufacturing Co.	1,500	250	250	dvd 5	130
Jawraj Balloo,	1,000	1,000	1,000	no dvd	425
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	4,430	1,000	1,000	20	300
Khandeish	7,500	1,500	1,000	dvdRs65	700
Khangaum Manufg. Co.	1,000	250	250	65	500xd
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs25	450
Krishna Mills Ld	1,218	500	—	dvdRs.82	570
Leopold	3,500	100	108	dvdRs10	158xd
Lord Ilcay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	30	140
Lakmidas Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 30	570
Madras United	356	1,000	1,000	R s 100	2,825
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	75
Mahboob Shah Mills (Guibpa)	8,400	500	500	pr ct.	—
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvd40	1,815
Mohanlal K. Parekh G & Mfg. Co. Ld., Amraoti	300	100	115	dvdRs15	—
Mazagon	5,000	250	—	Nil	70
Morarji Goculdass	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvdRs35	1,525
Mysore S. & M. Co., Ld	4,000	250	250	Nil	160
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	—
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	pa 52
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Nil	230
Presidency Mills. Co.(Ld).	742	1,	1,000	Nil	560
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs30	560
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvdRs5	800
Saraswati Mills	1,250	500	500	Nil	500
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvdRs20	500
Shalapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	17 0xd
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil	360
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	85
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	Nil	245
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil	160
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	Nil	275
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	66
Swadeshi Mills	4,000	500	500	dvdRs22½	370
Sassoon and Alliance	3,000	500	500	Nil	325
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	25
Venishunker Lukhmishunker Mill Co. Ld.	900	500	500	Nil	110xd
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	2
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Nil	300
Wadhwan City Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co., Ld.	400	50	all	dvdR-	

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	£100	—	—	—
B. B. & C. I. R. Co. New £12 Shares	—	£10	—	—	—
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry.	500	00	—	5 pr. ct.	710
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.	500	500	—	4 pr. ct.	475

PRESS COMPANIES.

			Yearly.		
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	125	1,300x
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	41
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs. 80	800
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dv Rs 20	160xd
Bhownugger City Press & Manfg. Co. Ld	500	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	Nil.	65
Breulse Cawnpore Press Co., Ld	500	200	200	dvdR30	165
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	dv Rs 20	200xd
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	dvdRs 15	310
East India	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,325
English Press and Manfg	400	200	...	dvd Rs 9	60
Fort	150	8,300	500	dvd Rs20	650
Fronch	300	500	500	dvd Rs40	425
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	dvdRs35	340xd
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	Rs 17	135
Khangaum	240	450	450	dvdRs 80	460
Bahuva Press Co., Ld.	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	22
ahmadpur Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld	300	500	500	53	55
Mercantile	600	125	125	dvd Rs 5	42½
Motmsil Co	125	400	400	dvd Rs35	415
Kummar M.	000	250	all	dvd Rs20	190
New Berar	00	500	500	dvd Rs50	550
New Indian	00	125	125	dv Rs12½	150
Prince of Wales	100	500	00	20	1 5
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	70	30	300xd
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	340xd
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	125	1750
Sind	400	2,000	750	20	335
Surat Woollen Mills	200	250	250	Nil.	
Surat City Press Co., Ld	37	200	all	1	
Volkart	—	000	—	Rs 80	1000xd

TO THE DEAF.—A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave £5,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 1014 D. The Nicholson Institute, Longcott, Gunnersbury, London, W.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH. A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produce a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant "Floriline" being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Perfumers, Wholesale Depot, 13, Farringdon Road, London, England.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 0m. Sun sets, 5h. 27m. High water, 4-4m., 4-18s. Low water, 10-39m., 10-2s.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-30 p.m.
New Pachora Manufacturing Company, Bruce Lane, 4-30 p.m.
Jaigaum Manufacturing Company, Bruce Lane 5 p.m.
Gymkhana Mounted Sports.

BOMBAY ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—At the usual monthly meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay, to be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, at 5-30 p.m., to-day, the following paper will be read:—"An Avesta Amulet," by Mr. Jivanji Jamsedji Modi, B.A.

THE VURJEEVANDASS MADHOWDASS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY AT SION.—During the month of September the total number of patients treated in this Dispensary was 3,631, among them the number of new admission was 1,087, being classified as follows:—Hindoos 554, Mussulmans 203, Parsees 55, Christians 189, and other classes 86. The average attendance daily was 121.

SUICIDE OF A GAMBLER.—A coroner's inquiry was held, yesterday, at Matharpacady, Mazagon, on the body of Bhicaji Gunesh, a mill-hand, aged about twenty-five years, who resided in that locality. The deceased was a gambler and addicted to smoking ganja and squandered all his earnings in gambling. On Monday morning, he suddenly became ill, and a doctor was called to whom the deceased admitted having taken arsenic. He said he was tired of his life and took the poison to destroy himself. He never rallied and died yesterday evening. A verdict of suicide was recorded.

BISHOP OF DAMAUN'S CHAPEL AT COLABA.—The annual feast in honour of Our Lady of Piety celebrated in the Chapel of the Bishop of Damaun at Colaba, took place on Sunday. The Chapel was decorated artistically by the Chaplain. High Mass was celebrated at 10 a.m. The Secretary of the Diocese, the Rev. Father Theodonino, ordained, the acolytes being the Very Rev. J. N. Coutinho, Judge of Patrimonies of the Episcopal Curiæ of the Diocese, and Father Mendoca of Mazagon. A choir composed of Miss (Dr.) Matilda Coutinho, and her sisters Miss Rosalia and Aurelia Coutinho, sang a new French Mass. The rendering of Agnus Dei by Miss (Dr.) Matilda Coutinho and of Tantum Ergo by Miss Rosalia Coutinho was very impressive. Mrs. J. V. Coutinho presided at the harmonium, while an orchestra, under the able *baton* of Professor A. V. Menezes, was also in attendance. The panegyrist of the day was the Rev. Father Saldanha. Prayers were said for the soul of the deceased and venerable D. Antonio Pedro Da Costa, First Bishop of Damaun, and also for the welfare of the family of the president of the feast.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT TO A BOY.—Mr. P. Byrne, the coroner, held an inquiry yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, regarding the death of Gunpat Dewji, a Hindu boy, aged about ten years, who resided with his brother at Grimbuock Sarashram Street, Grant Road. On Monday evening, the deceased returned home from school and was playing in the room, while his sister-in-law Radhibai was on the verandah talking with some neighbours. Suddenly an explosion was heard and on going to the room Radhibai found it full of smoke and heard the deceased crying for help from inside. After the smoke had subsided, the sister-in-law entered the room and found the boy had been terribly burnt. He had a large wound on the abdomen from which the intestines were protruding. There were besides burns on his face, forehead and left hand, the fingers of which were hanging by the skin. The boy was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died a few hours after admission. It appears that the deceased while removing a bottle from a shelf on which were a number of bottles, accidentally knocked down a phial which exploded and set fire to him. What the phial contained nobody knew, but it was stated that it had been kept there by the boy's father, who died about six months ago. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING OF A BOY FOR A THEATRICAL COMPANY.—Before Mr. Jinnah, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, the charge of kidnapping preferred by Nanabhai Damoder, a Hindu, against Hormu-jee Shapurjee Lely and Tribhowandas Nursey, of Mr. C. M. Balliwalla's Theatrical Company, was further heard. Mr. Oliveira appeared for the complainant; and Mr. A. F. Unwalla, with Mr. Velinker, for the defence. Mr. Oliveira said one Narayen, the principal witness for the complainant, did not wish to give evidence, and the pleader was therefore unable to proceed further. Mr. Unwalla complained of the unfair treatment to which his clients were subjected. The case was given full publicity; and Mr. Balliwalla, the proprietor of the theatrical company to which the defendants belonged, had suffered both in reputation and business. It was impossible the complainant could have believed the information he received regarding the kidnapping to be true. He should be called upon to give the name of his informant, as Mr. Balliwalla intended to proceed against him. The magistrate said it was to be regretted that such a serious charge should have been made, and not proceeded with. Defendants were at liberty to proceed against any one they thought fit for bringing a false charge. In the absence of evidence, the defendants were discharged.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, 31st October.

1. The Squadron will parade at Chowpatty Riding School at 7 a.m. on Friday the 2nd proximo. Dress—Review order (Summer).

G. W. MOIR, Lieut.,
Commanding B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. POLLEN, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 31st October.

1. Arms and Accoutrements will be issued to members at Head-quarters between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. No Arms, &c., will be issued to members unless they apply in person.

2. A Guard of Honor, consisting of 100 Rank and File, will parade at Victoria Terminus, G. I. P. Railway, at 11-15 a.m. on Friday the 9th November 1900, for the purpose of receiving His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in India. Captain J. Leask will Command the Guard. Dress—Review Order, Khaki.

By Order,
R. W. L. DUNLOP, Captain,
Acting Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 31st October.

1. There will be 40-pr. R M L Gun Drill at the Fort and Nesbit Road Head-quarters to-morrow at 8-45 p.m.

2. The Corps will parade at the Corps Club, Apollo Bunder on Saturday next the 3rd proximo, at 4 p.m. sharp and proceed to Colaba North Fort to commence the Annual Gun Target practice. Dress—Drill order without arms, putties to be worn. No. 4 Sub-division of each Company is detailed for first relief.

3. There will be no Morris Tube practice on 4th instant.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Capt. R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

PROFESSOR RICHARD, SCIENTIFIC SPECIALIST.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

PROFESSOR RICHARD desires to bring before the public no ice incontestable proofs of his genuineness and "bona fides" of his Royal letters patents and scientific method of electrical cure. With this object in view, he has a book containing the names of ladies and gentlemen, Europeans, Parsees, and Hindoos who have benefited by his services, some of them being well-known citizens in Bombay, while the complaints the patients are suffering from will be guaranteed to ramain a secret in all cases between Patients and the Professor. Still the numerous names on the books signed by the patients as endorsements to the above facts are open for inspection to whom it may directly concern, and not otherwise. The above speaks for itself and should meet the unprejudiced minds of the public, as there are many ill disposed persons, who owing to professional jealousy and malicioiusness, prejudice the minds of Professor Richard's patients and the public. Professor Richard desires further to impress upon the public the fact that no respectable medical men will guarantee to cure all diseases or infirmities, and that he himself is "no exception," as he is not a God nor a demi-God. Professor Richard will, in all cases he undertakes to cure by his scientific and electric method, do his very best as a Specialist of Electricity, and more than that he cannot, or will not promise at any time. The fees paid for Professor Richard's service are not returnable if the case is successfully cured, benefited or not. First private consultation Rs. 15. Preliminary enquiry only Free.

Office hours 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. from now. The consulting rooms will be closed every Sunday.

Ash Lane, near Currency Bank, Bombay.

An interesting 13-page Pamphlet, Free on Application, and sent free by post.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle & Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	7
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	1	5	30
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	15	5	31
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpaty, Walkeshwar and Mahaluxmee	1	0	11
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	2	16
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	0	1	14
G Mahim and Worli	1	0	9
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	11
Total	19	13	132
Total plague deaths to date,	80,319	66,438	
Same date last year	29	25	112

MORTALITY OF THE WEEK.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending yesterday was 853 as against 834 during the previous week. Of the total number 35 died from plague and 10 from cholera, the figures for the preceding week being 74 and 10 respectively. The total mortality of the corresponding period of the last year was 776, while that of plague was 83.

PRESIDENCY PLAGUE RETURNS.

THE cases of plague and deaths therefrom reported to Government during the week ending October 19, were as follows:—

Cities.	Cases.	Deaths.
Bombay	152	72
Poona (including Cantonment)	672	547
Districts.		
Surat	14	14
Thana	39	34
Khandeish	1	1
Nasik	254	223
Poona (excluding City)	46	27
Satara	5	4
Ahmednagar	3	0
Kolaba	5	2
Belgaum	380	254
Dharwar	123	93
Kanara	2	1
Political Agencies.		
Kathiawar	22	8
Kolhapur	91	58
Cutch	1	0
Savanur	34	16
Total	1,851	1,358
Week ending 12th Oct.	1,981	1,499
Total to date	405,949	318,679

Karachi, Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals, Kaira, Broach, Sholapur, Ratnagiri, Bijapur, Karachi (excluding City), Hyderabad (Sind), Shikarpur, Upper Sind frontier, Thar and Parkar, Mahi Kantha, Rewa Kantha, Palanpur, Savantvadi, Baroda territory, Aden, Dharampur, Sachin, Janjira, Akalkot, Aundh, and Bhor, were free during the week.

PLAGUE IN POONA.

The following are the plague returns of the Poona City from 27th to 28th instant:—

	Cases.	Deaths.
Shukurwar	3	3
Vetal	1	1
Ganj	3	4
Raviwar	6	4
Budhwar	2	1
Sadashiv	5	5
Narayan	1	1
Shanvar	4	7
Bhavani	6	4
Nana	2	2
Raste	9	11
Kasba	1	2
Somwar	3	1
Mangalwar	1	0
Nihal	2	1
Gultekdi	53	51

Total mortality 57

STREETS INFESTED WITH LEPERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Of late so many lepers are wandering about the streets of Bombay that I feel it a duty to bring to the notice of the proper persons, the evils that are attendant on such a course being allowed to go on without being checked. It is not merely that the very sight of such persons scatters an unhealthy influence, but their presence near school buildings and temples is positively mischievous. They generally seat themselves near the sweetmeat-sellers. It is a very unpleasant subject to write of, but if the evil has to be checked one is forced to make mention of it. Besides the young boys, not knowing what harm will be done to them and theirs, freely knock against these men while in their sports of the recess. I think this is a very undesirable state of things and hope that persons in charge of the health of the city will soon see their way to the mending of it.—Yours, &c.,

N. S. NAYAK.

Kandewady, Oct. 30.

WIDOW RE-MARRIAGE IN BOMBAY.

LAST Sunday, a widow re-marriage was celebrated at the Widow Re-Marriage Hall, Girgaum, in the presence of a large assembly of influential ladies and gentlemen. Both parties belong to the Daivadnya caste. Shrimati Godavaribai, who became a widow at the tender age of eight and who is now about 22, is now re-married to Mr. Trimbak Ganesh Dighaskar, who is about 26. The young lady who is well educated is a teacher in the Amreli Mission Girls' School in Girgaum; while her husband is a clerk in the G. I. P. Railway Audit Office. The marriage ceremony was performed in accordance with the Hindoo Shastras. The bridegroom has set an example which, it is hoped, will be extensively followed. Among those present were the Hon. Mr. Gokuldas Parekh, the Hon. Mr. A. B. Desai, Mr. Chandavarkar, Mr. Hormasji Chichgar, Mr. Manekchand Panachand, Mr. Damodardas G. Sukhadwala, Mr. S. R. Bhandarkar, Mr. and Mrs. Korgaokar, Dr. Manook Turkhad, Messrs. Bhajekar, Pandit, Mehta, Rupsing, Mathuradas, Nowrange and Wadekar.

BLOCK IN COLOMBO HARBOUR.

THE GOVERNOR MAKES AN OFFICIAL INSPECTION.

THE block at the Wharf continues to be seriously felt, and a visit to the warehouses shows matters to be worse than ever. On Wednesday night no less than 72 lighters were lashed together and next day there were hardly any boats to be seen alongside the steamers in harbour, though several of them have more than half of their cargo yet to discharge. It is a notable fact that "Nurani" which arrived with 64,000 bags of rice, has been ten days in harbour, while the "Langbank" has now been waiting four days to discharge her packages. No difficulty has been experienced in the case of coal steamers, as there is a separate number of lighters for carrying coal.

On Thursday morning at 7 o'clock H. E. the Governor drove to the wharves, of which he made a thorough inspection in company with the Acting Colonial Secretary (the Hon. Mr. W. T. Taylor), the Collector of Customs (the Hon. Mr. W. H. Jackson), the Director of Public Works (the Hon. Mr. F. A. Cooper), the Hon. Mr. W. H. Figg, Mr. Stanley Bois (Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce), and Mr. E. Booth of the Ceylon Wharfage Company. From the wharves His Excellency drove to the reclamation grounds, and then visited the grain sheds at Kochchikadde. The object of the Governor's visit is apparent, and we understand that after all that he saw this morning he is quite convinced of the necessity for improvements, and we feel sure that those interested in the shipping of Colombo will be glad to hear that immediate steps are to be taken to increase the present accommodation and to start with the improvements requested by the Chamber of Commerce in April last, namely the erection of a quay wall and the two extra jetties.

As regards the present state of affairs, the views of a prominent merchant are that they will continue for another week, as no immediate relief is possible. Never perhaps was there such a demand for wharf accommodation—the result of so many steamers having to discharge their cargo simultaneously. Hitherto the numbers of steamers discharging cargo probably never exceeded three or four; but there are some six or eight steamers now in harbour, and naturally the demand for accomodation is greater than the amount available.

The P. and O. "Himalaya," which arrived on evening from the Australian Colonies, several hours overdue, was at first appointed to leave at 12 o'clock on Thursday but owing to the congested state of the harbour and the lack of facilities for landing and taking cargo she was unable to get away until 10 o'clock next morning:—*Times of Ceylon* (Oct 25).

THE NATIVE PRESS.

MUNICIPAL ADDRESS TO THE VICEROY.

THE *Rast Goftar* congratulates the Municipal Corporation on their perception of Lord Curzon's worth and virtues, but

NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR, HER EXCELLENCY LADY NORTHCOTE, and the A.-D.-C. in waiting, which cannot be delivered at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MAHABLESHWAR, by 7 a.m., on 2nd November, 1900, should be addressed to MALABAR POINT, BOMBAY, until further notice.

C. H. HILL,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.
Government House, Mahableshwar, 22nd October, 1900.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST.
By Appointment to
H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P.C. G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.,
VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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HEAD OFFICES:
67 and 69, Chancery Lane, London.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

FLAMMARION!!!

WHO is there WHO does not know WHO he is?
IF ANY, ENQUIRE AT
MARCKS AND CO., LTD.,
FOR
FLAMMARION'S
WONDERFUL FIELD GLASS
at Rs. 32 CASH, Rs. 35 CREDIT.
AND
FLAMMARION'S
WONDERFUL OPERA GLASS
at Rs. 15 CASH, Rs. 16-8 CREDIT.
BEST VALUE IN BINOCULARS.
BEST VALUE IN DEFINITION.
BEST VALUE IN CLEARNESS.
BEST VALUE IN PENETRATING POWER.
The Binoculars are offered as
SPECIAL LINES
and at prices much below what they ought to sell at in the ordinary way.
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MARCKS AND CO., LTD.,
OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed.
LOANS and OVERDRAFTS granted against approved security.
DRAFTS issued. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS effected. PERIODICAL REMITTANCES made.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold. INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected.
LIFE, FIRE, and ACCIDENT ASSURANCES effected and PREMIUMS paid.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

DECORATE YOUR HOUSES!
COATS-OF-ARMS, CRESTS, MONOGRAMS, FLORAL BADGES,
AND ALL SORTS OF
ARTISTIC AND ELEGANT DESIGNS
ENGRAVED AND EMBOSSED
ON PLAIN AND COLOURED
WINDOW GLASSES AND DOOR PANELS
FOR THE
INTERIOR AND OUTWARD DECORATION
OF
Palaces, Bungalows, Boudoirs, Masonic Lodges, Churches, Houses, and Public Institutions
IN
PERMANENT TRANSPARENT PROCESS.
WINDOW GLASS DECORATION { is used to tone excess of light, to beautify the interior, to shut out an unpleasant prospect,
IS THE MOST BEAUTIFUL,
THE MOST PERMANENT,
THE MOST EFFECTIVE.
SAMPLES OF VARIOUS DESIGNS AT OUR SHOW ROOMS.
ESTIMATES GIVEN ON APPLICATION.
P. D. KANGA AND COMPANY,
BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR,
No. 16, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT.

READ THIS!
READ THIS!!
THREE PRIZES, AGGREGATING Rs. 105,
Will be given away this month to
NEW SUBSCRIBERS only.
1st Prize, Rs. 60; 2nd Prize, Rs. 30; 3rd Prize, Rs. 15.
BELOW ARE GIVEN SIX PUZZLE WORDS:—

1. M°S°O°.	4. L°V°R°O°L.
2. B°R°I°.	5. °O°D°N.
3. C°P°N°A°E°.	6. M°R°E°L°E°.

CONDITIONS:
FILL in the Stars in the Puzzle words (one letter for each star) to represent six principal towns in Europe. Write those you find out on a sheet of paper placing the respective number to each, and post it, together with your money order for Rs. 2-8, being the half year's subscription to the "Indian Tit-Bits." (otherwise no notice will be taken), enclosing a stamped addressed envelope for reply, to the "Indian Tit-Bits" Office, 180, Dhurrumtolla Street, Calcutta. Please quote number of money order to avoid confusion.
The one that will fill in the whole six puzzle words correctly will get Rs. 60; five, Rs. 30; and four, Rs. 15; no Prize will be awarded for less than four.
Should more than one fill in the words correctly the prizes will be divided.
Competitors can only send in one attempt, thus giving every one the same chance.
Intending subscribers during this month will not only get their paper for six months, but will have besides the chance of winning one of the handsome prizes named above for the mere trial.
We are simply giving away the prizes to popularize the I. T. B.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

NOTES.
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODARMAL.
Price, 1a., i. Postage, half-anna.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 30.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols .....£ 98 3-4—1-16
3 per cent Rentes .....£100 1-4 unchanged.
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan.....£109 1-2 "
3 1-2 per cent. Govt. Securities ...£ 64 3-4 plus 3-16
Bar Silver in London.....29 13-16—1-16
Do New York .....64 1-4—3-8
Exchange on London at Paris ...25'10—1
Do New York .....4'83 7-8 plus 1-8
Discount, Bank of England 4 per cent. unchanged.
Do Short London Bills, 3 7-8 per cent. "
Do Indian Bank Bills, 4 per cent. "
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £150,000.
Copper Braziers £33-5

Skin Sales.

Goat skin sale opened to-day with fair demand.
Numbes of Goat skins offered..... 1,498 000
" of Sheep " 953,000
Goat Skins, Madras, prime qualities, 1d. to 1 1-2d. lower.

SEEDS—
Rapeseed, Brown, sellers, April-May, 42s. 6d.
Dull.
Linseed, sellers, April-May ..... 53s. 6d.
Quiet.

EXCHANGE.—The market has been steady throughout the day, ready and forward without change and very little doing.

Bank Telegraphic .....1s. 3 29-32d.
" Demand .....1s. 3 15-16d.
3 months' sight Credits.....1s. 4 5-32d.
do. Francs 169 1-2
Shanghai 30 day's sight.....Rs. 209
Hongkong do ..... " 154
Japan do ..... " 149

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market opened steady at Rs. 97-10 for ready and Rs. 97-8 for 30th November and improved to Rs. 97-13. During the course of the day rates declined to Rs. 97-11 and Rs. 97-9 at which rates we close. The budlee business passed off at a difference of 1 1-2 anna to 2 annas.

STOCKS AND SHARES.—Market quiet.

FREIGHTS.—The market is quiet with little doing. The Florida is reported fixed for one port via a Mediterranean port at 16s., option of two picked ports at 16s. 6d.

COALS.—Nothing whatever to report.

WHEAT.—Quiet at Rs. 4-8-6 for white Delhi, April-May.

LINSEED.—The market is quieter owing to freer arrivals, at Rs. 11, the present high rates ruling attracting stuff from Karachi and elsewhere.

RAPESEED.—The market is quiet but steady at Rs. 8-5 to Rs. 8-6.

CASTORSEED.—The market quiet at Rs. 38-12 to Rs. 39.

POPPYSEED.—This market at Rs. 9 to Rs. 9-2.

GINGELLYSEED.—Quiet but steady.

COTTON.—The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats quiet. Manchester was quiet. Total sales 8,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for export 500 bales. Surats 100 bales. Imports 17,000 bales. Spot 5 10-32d, plus 1-32. Arrivals closed quiet.

Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Jan.-Feb.	April.-May	July-Aug.
5·12	5'5	4'00	4'55	4'51
—2·64	plus 1-64	plus 2-64	plus 1-64	plus 1-64

In New York—
Receipts at the Ports..... 51,000 bales.
Exports to Great Britain ..... 12,000 "
" Continent..... 9,000 "
Mid.-Uplands..... 9 7-16 —1-16
Futures, month of January ... 8'93 —11
" " April ..... 8'95 —10

The market is dull and prices Rs. 2 down from yesterday owing to weaker advices both from Liverpool and New York. Exporters are again almost out of the market taking only 150 bales Bengals at Rs. 179. Mills have also been poor buyers being credited in all with purchases of about 500 bales.

	Rs.
Bengal, Fine, ready	180
Do. F. G. do.	170
Do. do. January, ...	178
Broach Fine ready	200
Do. Good, do.....	185
Do. do. March	217

Receipts of Cotton into Bombay on Monday and Tuesday:—

Khandesh.....	59	bales
Total Comras...	59	"
Broach	2	"
Westerns	30	"
Bengals.....	127	"
Persian	4	"
Total...	222	"

Summary of daily arrivals of produce into Bombay on Monday and Tuesday:—

Wheat.....	10,191	cwts.
Linseed	4,281	"
Rapeseed	2,364	"
Gingellyseed.....	6,627	"
Poppyseed	765	"
Groundnuts	53	"
Castorseed.....	1,561	"
Rice	5,899	"
Myrabollams	1,998	"

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.
LONDON, OCT. 29.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm.
Surats quiet.
Good Bhownugger 4 12-32.
The Manchester Market has been quiet

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	98 3-4
3 per cent. Rentes.....	100 1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan.....	109 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee papers	64 3-4
Bar Silver.....	29 13-16

The sum of about £15,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

THE LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

MESSRS TATA AND CO'S. Liverpool friends writing on the 11th instant, review their market, especially in the light of Washington Agricultural Bureau report thereon, as under:—The condition by the Washington Bereau is 67, or 1-2 per cent. worse than last month, which is much more favourable than expected. It was spread about in New York, perhaps by the bears, with a view to catching the market unawares, that the condition of the October Bureau would be about 60, as, since the issue of the last report, crop accounts have been uniformly bad; hurricanes, cloud bursts, continued heavy rains, cold waves, &c., and it seems hardly credible that the condition has only deteriorated so little, unless, of course, private advices have been grossly misleading. This we can hardly believe; backed up as they have been by the authority of the "Financial Chronical," which, some little time ago, was accused of making too light of damage done to the crop. In fact, one of our New Orleans friends, an old established, most reliable, and well informed house, cables us that they consider the figure of 67 to be too high, and this view we prefer to accept, rather than that of some other correspondents, notably New York houses, who, having been bear for some time past, are now inclined to consider the report as about right, the wish, no doubt, being father to the thought. One of them goes so far as to say that the present report indicates a crop of ten and one quarter millions which argument seems somewhat baseless to us, as it was generally admitted that the last report indicated only 9 3-4 millions, and it seems hardly logical that a further reduction in the condition of 1·2 per cent. should bring about an increase in the crop of half a million bales. If anything, therefore, we should say that, while the condition of 67 fails to shew any marked determination, it is equally vain to hope that it augurs a larger yield than was indicated a month ago. The spot demand, although by no means large, has greatly improved with the last few weeks. That a high level of prices is almost sure to prevail during the whole of the present season, appears at last to be grudgingly admitted by Lancashire consumers. Looms, which have been standing still for some time past, are being set in motion again; yarns and cloth shew a tendency to adjust themselves to the prices of the raw material; there is a healthier demand from India; the General Elections, which have been disturbing trade in general, are drawing to an end; in fact the prospects of the Lancashire cotton trade are more encouraging than they have been for some time. The Continent, however, maintains its view of adequate supplies for this season, and remains bearish. Our agent, who is at present on his annual business tour through Europe, reports to us that wherever he goes, he finds, from the big spinner and manufacturer down to the small dealer, extremely bearish, all believing in much lower prices, and abstaining from buying. To-day the Bureau report came like a bombshell on our market. Sellers fell over each other at the opening of the market in their eager endeavour to get rid of their cotton, and to sell as much as possble for a further fall, quite regardless of price. A few days of calm reflection and quiet watching will best shew us whether this was a mistake or not, and whether we ought to modify our views as to the future. In any case we think it best to suspend our judgment for a couple of days.

LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.
SUBSCRIBERS to the WAR TELEGRAM Extras, of Rs. 2, can have the same delivered as they arrive.
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By sending their own peon subscribers can insure instant delivery.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

VURJIVANDAS—October 30, at 10-15 a.m., Bai Manibai, beloved wife of Mr. Manordas Tribhovandas Vurjivandas, aged 23. Deeply regretted by her relatives and friends. Uthana ceremony will take place at Shet Vurjivandas's Fort Residence, at 8 a.m., on Thursday, the 1st November, 1900.

OTHER PRESIDENCY.

BIRTH.

DEWAR—October 25, at Patrakola Tea Estate, Sylhet, the wife of R J Dewar, of a daughter.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** ALL communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1900.

THE official review of the Report on Irrigation in India follows the speech of the Viceroy on Famine Preventive Operations with commendable promptness. The irrigation works in India, as is explained at the outset, are divided into two main classes—major works and minor works. The former class is subdivided into Productive Works, the capital of which is provided from borrowed money, and Protective Works, designed as a protection against famine, the capital of which is provided from the Famine Grant. The Protective Works at the present time claim first attention, for it is upon these that the Government invites criticism and receives it. There are only five of such works in operation in India. They irrigate an area of 302,745 acres, and involved a capital outlay of two crores and seven lakhs of rupees in their construction. Most notable of the five works is the Swat River Canal in the Punjab, which, considering that it yields a percentage of net revenue on capital outlay of between eight and nine per cent. might well be classed as one of the productive works. But none of them can be said to involve much burden on the State, for out of twenty-two which have paid over four per cent. on capital, no less than sixteen have paid off the accumulated interest on the capital invested in them, and several more are shortly expected to do so. The sixteen works are shown to have contributed a surplus amounting to nearly sixteen and a quarter crores, a sum which exceeds the capital invested in them by two and a half crores. The working expenses of the several systems vary considerably. Those in Sind cost least to work per acre irrigated, whilst those in Madras are worked for the smallest share of the gross revenue. In Bengal a high ratio of working expenses to gross revenue is attributed partly to the absence of owners' rates and partly to the fact that the land being permanently settled no enhancement of land revenue on account of irrigation can be made. In Sind the working expenses per acre irrigated amount only to eight annas, but in the Deccan and Guzarat the amount is seven times that sum due to special causes. The total area irrigated by all classes of irrigation works in India in the past official year was eighteen and a half million acres and the value of the crops raised by means of this irrigation is estimated at over thirty-nine crores. Protective works unfortunately cover but a small fraction of the total area irrigated, the acreage being, as we have said, set down at three hundred thousand out of the total of eighteen and a half millions.

Even this small proportion is less than the total of a couple of years ago, by twenty-thousand acres, and it is strange, such being the case, that the attitude of Government in respect to famine prevention work is misjudged. A home writer recently put the entire blame of the water-famine on Government, remarking that Providence sends sufficient water for all our needs in India, but Government let it run away—an allegation which on the face of it admits of no contradiction. But nature, which is in this connection, another word for Providence, is very uncertain in her methods of distributing her sufficiency of water. Here she finds ten thousand people and supplies them with two thousand gallons of water to last a whole year; there she finds two thousand people and gives them ten million gallons. In Bengal it pours upon them with such superabundance that vast tracts are flooded, bridges and houses are swept away, trees uprooted and cattle drowned. At the same time in the Bombay Deccan, agricultural land is crying out for moisture and crops are withering for want of rain. If the surplus water in Bengal could be conveyed fifteen hundred miles to the Deccan, and another thousand miles through the Madras Presidency, as well, then Nature might play whatever pranks she liked, and carping critics might prate the remainder of their natural lives. All the same it cannot be denied that irrigation works in India are not so extensive as they might be. But year by year the canals grow in length and the irrigated area extends. A million and-a-half acres have been added within the past two years. And even Mr. Dutt complains rather that people have to pay for irrigation than that there is not sufficient progress. That the Government of India is fully alive to the necessity of carrying out still further works may be gathered from the Governor-General's speech, ten days ago, when he said that whenever works would conduce to a greater security of the crops and it could be maintained at a moderate cost, it was just the sort of work to be taken up or kept in hand for an emergency, for no direct programme of relief could be considered complete until every possible irrigation or water storage scheme in the district has been examined, until definite opinion had been come to as to its practicability and utility, and until detailed plans and estimates had been prepared for every accepted scheme. Such works his Excellency recognised would not fall within the category of the vast productive irrigation-projects such as have been executed in many parts of India. But there are few parts of the country where works for the storage of water are not practicable.

That portion of the review which deals with the Productive irrigational works in India is a record of capital work, whether it be considered from an engineering, or a commercial point of view. But it is from the latter that the review considers it. What Government accounts Productive works are those which are expected to yield sufficient revenue to pay their working expenses and the interest on the outlay, incurred in their construction, reckoned at four per cent. No project is now sanctioned as a Productive work unless it can be shown beyond reasonable doubt that the irrigation when fully developed will at least fulfil those conditions. But in former years before definite rules were laid down, several large irrigation works were constructed from borrowed money which would not now be admitted to the Productive class. It is easy to show on paper that a scheme is likely beyond reasonable doubt to pay, but of 34 of these works the fact remains that a baker's dozen of them are not productive of anything but disappointment and deficit. These thirteen have in short produced a dead loss of eight crores of rupees, and that sum goes on accumulating. But on the other hand we find that these works have been indirectly of great benefit to the tracts of country which they irrigate by securing large areas of cultivation against the vicissitudes of the seasons. And that is the chief aim and object of irrigation. The loss on them is more than made up by the profits on other works, and the eight hundred thousand acres affected by the non-paying system is but a trifle as compared with the areas that pay. Twenty-one Productive works yield a handsome profit of over nine and a half per cent. and last year contributed fifteen crores of rupees to the general revenues of the country.

HIS HIGHNESS PRINCE CHRISTIAN VICTOR ALBERT LUDWIG ERNST ANTON of Schleswig-Holstein, G. C. B., G. C. V. O., whose death is announced, from an attack of enteric, at Pretoria, was a grandson of the Queen-Empress. Born in 1867, he was the son of H. R. H. the Princess Helena, her Majesty's third daughter and Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein—a General in the British Army. Prince Christian was educated at Wellington College and Magdalen College, Oxford, and at the Royal Military College at Sandhurst. At Wellington he was captain of the eleven and in the football team. He was called "Princey" by the boys, His cousins, Prince Adolphus and Prince Francis of Teck, were at Wellington College at the same time, and it is said that Prince Christian Victor used rather to tease the young Tecks, and occasionally bully them in a mild way. He entered the army in 1888, joining the King's Royal Rifles, and has had an active military career. He obtained his captaincy in 1896 and a brevet majority the same year in recognition of his services. His baptism of fire was while serving in this country, the Hazara Expedition, when he was orderly officer to Major-General Elles. The same year, 1891, he served with his regiment in the Miranzai Expedition, including the engagements at Sangar and Mastau, and in the following year he was in the Isazai Expedition. He accompanied General Sir Francis Scott, as A.-D.-C., in the Ashanti Expedition and his next experience was in the Soudan, where he served as Staff Officer to General Kitchener. He was with the troops on the gunboat flotilla, took part in the bombardment of the Omdurman forts and was present at the battle of Khartoum. He went out to South Africa on special service. He bade fair to become a distinguished soldier when his career was thus brought to an untimely end. Prince Victor was but thirty-three years of age.

THIRTY million maunds of merchandise were transported by rail in the Central Provinces during the year 1899-1900, and its value is assessed at 13 1-2 crores of rupees. Compared with the previous period the figures show an increase, and it might be supposed that the year had been one of unexampled prosperity. The increase is accounted for by the enormous volume of grain traffic, which was so great as to more than compensate for the loss in traffic of other goods. The failure of the crops has brought general disaster, and the fears expressed in the report for the previous year have been realised. Trade conditions were normal in the first quarter, the second was one of alternating hopes and fears, ending in a strong anticipation of coming disaster. The last two quarters marked the destruction of hopes and the realisation of all the hardships of famine. It is almost entirely upon their agricultural produce that the welfare of the people of the Central Provinces and their purchasing power depends, and some idea of the calamity may be gathered when it is stated that the outturn was only 35 per cent. and that on an area 25 per cent. less than the acreage cultivated in normal times. Ten crores of rupees would be a low estimate of the damage done. Of the seven million maunds of grain imported, six were supplied by Bengal, the North-Western Province rendered a little help, and the remainder was Burma produce. As usual the bulk of the cotton was despatched to Bombay port, but Bombay and Berar took abnormally large amounts. Bengal as yet takes but little share of the total export, and this trade should be capable of development. The final cotton forecast issued in December, 1899, placed the total yield at about 300,000 maunds. It has been ascertained that during the year 155,000 maunds were consumed by the local mills. A large portion of this consisted of the 1898 crop. But if every allowance be made for this, the fact remains that for two years in succession the recorded exports have exceeded the total estimated yield of the crop. The main reason for this last season was that the outturns were so extraordinarily uneven, complete failure in one village and excellent crops in another, that any just estimate of the real yield of the crop was well nigh impossible.

THE new regulations regarding the importation of dogs into Great Britain while not actually prohibitive are such as to make it very inconvenient and troublesome to do so. Rabies has become practically extinct in England, and the regulations of the Board of Agriculture are designed to prevent its reintroduction. Everybody who looks at the question dispassionately must admit that the home authorities are justified in imposing stringent rules, however hardly they may fall upon those who, on returning to the old country, wish to take their dogs with them. It is well-known that cases of rabies are continually occurring in all parts of India, and notwithstanding every care dogs which have owners occasionally become infected. A perusal of the English newspapers often reveals cases where owners of quarantined dogs have been negligent in carrying out the law, and the "Field" says that "so long as they try to break it in every way possible, there is not the slightest likelihood of the present fairly stringent regulations being generally relaxed." It is prescribed that owners desirous of taking their dogs to England must forward their application in "sufficient time to enable the Board of Agriculture to make full inquiries into the circumstances and as to the suitability of the premises in which it is proposed that the dog should be isolated before the dog is embarked." This means that owners would have to send in their application from three to six months prior to the date of their departure from India. After being landed in England dogs must be kept in quarantine for six months, and are subject to visits from the Board's Inspectors. This rule, however, intrudes on the privacy of the place in which the animal is kept, and this has been made a point for railing against the quarantine regulations. If such supervision is necessary this can hardly be avoided, unless owners are willing to allow their pets to be quarantined in a place provided by Government, as is the case in some of our colonies.

IN his review of the report of the Salt Department of Sind the Commissioner, Mr. James, who will himself shortly retire after a lengthy period of distinguished service, pays a graceful tribute to Mr. R. N. Coghlan, the Collector of Salt Revenue in the Province, who retired in February last. Mr. Coghlan had nearly eighteen years' service in the Department and his supervision and ripe experience were of such value that the Commissioner found his own duties in connection with the Salt Revenue merely nominal. Last year's work in the Department had satisfactory results. The quantity of salt excavated and manufactured was greater than that of the previous year by 17,935 maunds and the sales were 5,609 maunds more than the total of 2,69,036 of the previous year. This increase was mainly due to the arrival of famine immigrants in certain districts. Fish curers took 777 maunds as compared with 645, and the salting station at Shamspir took 900 maunds for the same purpose. The working loss on this depot was reduced from Rs. 359 to Rs. 79 due to less expenditure on petty repairs. The whole of the salted fish was despatched to Bombay, Rangoon, Zanzibar and Colombo. The consumption of salt in the Province totalled to 2,81,006 maunds, an increase of nearly eight thousand maunds over the preceding year, due no doubt to the wants of the large number of famine refugees who entered Sind. There was an increase of excise duty on locally made salt of Rs. 12,787 and of Rs. 1,524 on Punjab salt, imported by private agency. Owing to scarcity in the Thar and Parkar District there was an increase of salt smuggling but the Preventive Force having been stimulated by the decision of Government to grant liberal rewards for detection 166 cases were discovered and 25 maunds 14 seers of salt seized. The quantity is four times the amount seized in 1896-97 when 113 cases were discovered and the number of detections is little short of twice that of 1898-99. The Salt Preventive Force also brought to light 41 offences against the Opium and Abkari laws as compared with twenty-five in the preceding year.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, who has been appointed Judicial Commissioner in Sind, sailed yesterday for Karachi, by the British India steamer Dwarka.

THE total mortality reported in Calcutta on Friday was 87. There were no plague cases or deaths from that cause. Saturday's plague returns were again blank. The total mortality in the city was 61.

THE Calcutta Port Commissioners have asked the Government to appoint a committee to consider the various schemes for the mechanical loading of coal at the Kidderpur Docks, and to report at an early date.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL H. LEACH, accompanied by Major Williams, Captain Palin, Major Birch, Captain Allanson and others, numbering thirteen in all, left Darjiling, on Friday for a staff ride of about ten days' duration.

THE Government of India have conveyed their acknowledgments to the Committee which has recently considered the employment of transport in time of peace, for the practical manner in which they have done the work.

THE annual dinner of the Calcutta Port Defence Volunteers will be held in the Town Hall on Saturday, the 22nd December, when his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, Honorary Colonel of the Corps, will be present.

THE report on the working of the Coffee Stealing Prevention Act in the Mysore Province shows only 7 cases during the year against 19 in the previous year. The diminution is due to the deterrent effect of exemplary punishment awarded.

No further movements by Waziri raiders have been so far reported. The preparations for the blockade of the tribes will be completed after the arrival of the 9th Bombay Infantry and the 17th Bengal Infantry at Dera Ismail Khan.

THE three cases of suspected plague in the Jullundur district which we have recently reported have been diagnosed as true plague but of an exceedingly mild kind. The patients are all doing well, and as no fresh cases have occurred, there is still a reasonable hope that the province may yet escape a re-visitation of the disease during the ensuing cold weather.

IN the matter of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund the Government of India have communicated to the Secretary of the Fund in Calcutta the fact that the Secretary of State has now decided to continue the previously existing benefits to all who were annuitants or subscribers on March 21st, and authorising him to regulate the subscriptions and abatements accordingly.

THE Lieutenant General Commanding the Forces, Bombay Command, will arrive at the Victoria Terminus by passenger train at 7-35 a.m., (local time), on the 7th November, and will leave again for Mahableshwar by the 2 p.m. (local time) passenger train, from Victoria Terminus, on the 9th idem. The Lieutenant-General's arrival and departure will be private. Two salutes of fifteen guns each will be fired from the saluting battery at the hours named above, to announce the arrival and departure of the Lieutenant-General.

THE Committee appointed by the Government of India will meet during the ensuing cold season in Calcutta to discuss the question of the establishment of agricultural banks in India. The immediate object of the conference is to arrange an organisation in the Punjab to lend funds to peasant proprietors to tide them over the boycott expected from the sowcars when the recently passed Punjab Land Alienation Bill comes into operation. The question of the establishment of agricultural banks in other parts of India will also be discussed.

A PRESS communique, says the Government of India, have recently had occasion to express their appreciation of an unexpected contribution from China to the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund. In forwarding a draft for Rs. 1,508 Her Majesty's Consul at Ningpo states that this sum was subscribed by the Intendant of the Circuit (Ching Hsur, a Manchu from Peking), and his subordinates. A handsome contribution was recently made by the Provincial Government at Hangchow on behalf of all the officials in the province, and as the Consul observes this additional and spontaneous contribution is a striking indication of humanity and friendly feeling.

A NOTIFICATION by the Government of India, Financial Department, states that in supersession of the rates of additional duty on French sugar imposed on the 6th September, 1899, the following will be levied with effect from the 1st September, 1900, provided the old rates shall be applied to all imported sugar for which bills of lading were signed and given before 1st September: Raw sugars, Rs. 3 3-4 per cwt.; sugar candies and refined sugar in loaf or crushed, Rs 3-6-5; raw and refined sugars in grains or crystals, of a minimum standard of 98 per cwt. polarisation, Rs. 3-4-10. These rates vary from a reduction of 2 annas 7 pies to 3 annas 4 pies per cwt. as compared with the previous duties levied.

The case in which four natives are charged at Banglore in connection with forging the signature of of Captain Bullen, of the Oorgaum Gold Mines, for Rs. 15,350, opened yesterday in the Second Magistrate's Court.—Mr. Bernnett, managing representative of the Company, desposed that cheques were not legal unless signed jointly by himself and Captain Bullen. The signature on the cheque produced was not Captain Bullen's. He would not sign without the witness's signature. The blank form was torn out of the Company's book by the fourth prisoner, a peon in the Company's service, while being stamped with the Company's rubber stamp When arrested, the second prisoner admitted, in the presence of a witness, that he wrote Captain Bullen's signature on the cheque. Percy Kee, the Company's clerk, examined, corroborated Mr. Burnett. the case was then adjourned.

THE Indian National Congress is now in its sixteenth year, but, writes the "Pioneer," though the annual meetings have been frequently held in the N.-W. Provinces, they have never till now furnished it with a President. The election of the Hon'ble Pandit Bishumber Nath to that post for the forthcoming session has therefore given much satisfaction to the Congress element in these parts. The compliment seems to have been rather in the nature of an acknowledgment of the efforts made by Lucknow to entertain the last assembly than recognition won by the Pandit himself, who is not a very ardent politician. In fact, the advanced Congress-men are beginning to show signs of dissatisfaction at the moderation of their prospective chief. One paper in Bengal is demanding that the nomination, which appears to have been brought about by the Committee which managed the Lucknow meeting, should be submitted to all the Provincial Committees before being confirmed—which we understand, would be quite an exceptional proceeding.

LADY DILKE'S new book, "French Architects and Sculptors of the Eighteenth Century," carries forward the work begun in the authoress's "French Painters." In the new, as in the former book, representative men in each department are chosen, and typical examples of their works selected. The architects are seen to be engaged in "solving the problems connected with the creation of the modern house, remodelling old palaces, such as the Hotels de Toulouse and de Soubise; erecting stately official monuments of which the fine Garde-meuble of the Place de la Concorde is an admirable type; and building dwelling places, the charm of which still hangs about the walls of the Petit Trianon and the lovely Hotel de Salm." The authoress shows how the sculptors give a new direction to the "sculpture d'appartement." She traces the tradition by which the sculptors were guided, and gives us many interesting particulars concerning their lives. The work is announced by Messrs. Bell and Sons.

THE grounds on which Mr. T. Terrell, Q.C., the defeated Liberal candidate for the borough of Pembroke and Haverfordwest, has decided to demand a scrutiny and claim the seat are understood to be as follows:—On the register for the county of the town of Haverfordwest, which forms part of the Parliamentary borough, there are 83 freeholders registered as such. At the recent revision court the Liberals objected to 45 of these, but the revising barrister disallowed the objection, holding that the form of objection was bad. After agreeing to state a case on the point he decided to hear the objection against the freeholders on its merits, and eventually concluded that they had no valid right to be on the register. Against this decision again he agreed to state a case. The right of these freeholders to be registered as voters is still sub judice. In the recent election 29 of them voted, of whom the Liberals believe only three supported Mr. Terrell, the remaining 26 supporting General Laurie, the successful candidate, and as the revising barrister's decision is supported by the opinion of eminent counsel it is thought on a scrutiny all the 29 votes will be disallowed. The Liberals anticipate gaining thereby 23 from General Laurie, thus securing the seat by a majority of eleven, the Conservative majority on the poll having been only twelve.

THE German Emperor is tired of the shape of his own moustaches. For too many years the ends of them have turned up like the borns of an angry bull. He has seen this crescent over his upper lip in photographs, caricatures, oil paintings, stamps, medals, and coins. He has been able to test the loyalty of his subjects by the unanimity with which the younger ones set themselves to emulate their Kaiser. He has propitiated barbers and introduced a new, and very ill-sounding, word into the language of the toilet room. For the last two or three years every young German who was not an Anarchist wore Hohenzollern moustache. We can, many of us, remember Napoleon III.'s characteristic little imperial, and how all Frenchmen immediately adopted it, and how Anthony Trollope called one of his characters. "M. De la Barbe de l'Empereur," as an appropriate recognition of its popularity. Even Englishmen succumbed to the prevailing fashion, and wore for a time what they called, not, indeed, an imperial, but a goatee. The Kaiser's conquests have however, been limited to the Fatherland. European Uitlanders have held aloof, and the Hohenzollern moustaches have not crossed the frontier. And now we have lost our opportunity; for ever. The Kaiser has not, indeed, issued an edict on the matter. But he has done something in its results quite as autocratic. He has untwisted the curly ends of his moustache, brushed that upturned decoration straight out, and shown himself to his subjects with a new face. After this, we may expect a fresh issue from the Mint at Berlin.

REUTER'S correspondent at Constantinople, writing under date September 29, says:—"Some fresh details are to hand regarding the recent events in the Sassun district, at Spaghank. It appears that ever since the attack on the village by Khalil Beshir, chief of the Kurdish tribe, inhabiting that neighbourhood last year, the inhabitants had been taking precautions against another assault, sentinels being posted every night. On the day of the massacre, namely, the 16th July, Ali Pacha, Military Commander of Bitlis, was at Geleguzan, an hour's journey from Spaghank, investigating the statements of Khalil Beshir, that there were Armenian revolutionists in the district. The watchmen at Spaghank had completed their rounds, and it was just before daybreak when a young Armenian, going out into the fields, observed that the village was surrounded. He immediately gave the alarm, and a general panic ensued. There was no thought of any defence. The only resistence the assailants met with was from a group of thirteen young men, who, armed with guns, attempted to break through the circle of foes. They lost two killed and shot one soldier, but the rest, it is believed, succeeded in escaping. Otherwise the Kurds and soldiers had an easy task, and massacred all who fell into their hands, men, women, and children. A few of the inhabitants sought refuge in the church, where they were burnt to death. The total number of victims cannot be positively stated, as several of the villagers succeeded in escaping to neighbouring hamlets, but in any case it cannot fall short of 100 persons. After the massacre, the Kurds heaped together the bodies of all the slain, and throwing petroleum over them, set light to them. "Spaghank, formerly a village of between 30 and 35 houses, with about 250 inhabitants, is now a pile of blackened ruins."

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE CRISIS IN CHINA.

THE BRITISH AT PAO-TING-FU.

WAR-SHIPS OFF CANTON.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

By instructions from Count Waldersee, the British troops at Pao-ting-fu will return partly to Peking and partly to Tientsin.

Ten foreign war-ships are off Canton.

The Chinese are suspicious of ulterior designs.

The Chinese Legation at St. Petersburg declares that the visit of the Chinese Minister to the Crimea was simply to thank the Tsar for the withdrawal of his troops from Peking, and that no agreement had been concluded.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 30

In cabling the names of five Indian soldiers of having died of disease and one drowned, the General Officer Commanding at Hongkong adds that up to the 25th instant no British officers or British soldiers of the Indian Contingent at Hongkong had died.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE RETURN OF THE CITY IMPERIALS.

SPECTATORS KILLED AND INJURED.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The march of the City Imperial Volunteers through London yesterday was the occasion of immense enthusiasm, though it was greatly marred by the numerous accidents which occurred owing to the stupendous crowds which thronged the streets.

The progress from Paddington to Saint Paul's and thence to the Guildhall and on to the Honourable Artillery Barracks was so impeded that the last part of the march took place in the weird semi-darkness.

LATER.

The millions of people which were in the London streets to see the City Imperial Volunteers return, constantly broke through the cordons of Volunteers lining the streets and some of them were badly injured The pageant was thereby marred.

It is stated that four were killed and 138 injured.

Lord Wolseley has issued a Special Army Order, in which he thanks the City Imperial Volunteers for their patriotic and soldier-like services, and welcomes them home on behalf of the Army.

THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

At the banquet, given to the City Imperial Volunteers, Lord Wolseley read a message from the Queen, in which her Majesty said she heartily shared the public joy and was proud of the regiment's gallantry, and deeply sympathised with the friends of those who had fallen. Her Majesty added that she too had lost a gallant grandson.

A REIGN OF TERROR IN THE LONDON STREETS.

Scandalous scenes took place in the London streets last evening.

Mobs of rowdies were terrorizing the sightseers and roughly handling women unchecked.

The papers are full of indignant protests and urge that strong measures be taken to prevent a repetition of such scenes on the return of Lord Roberts and the visit of the Colonials.

CANADIANS TO BE QUARTERED AT HOUNSLOW.

Three hundred Canadians will be quartered at Hounslow on their way home from the Cape.

DEATH OF PRINCE CHRISTIAN VICTOR.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Prince Christian Victor has died at Pretoria from an attack of enteric fever.

At the special request of the Royal Family, the news of Prince Christian Victor's death was withheld lest it should cast a gloom over the festivities.

ARREST OF ALVARD.

Alvard, the cashier of the National Bank of New York, who absconded, has been arrested.

DEMOBILIZATION OF THE RESERVES.

The War Office is completing arrangements for the demobilization of the Reservists.

THE COMING INAUGURATION OE THE AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH.

The strength of the forces going from Home to the inauguration of the Australian Commonwealth is fixed at one thousand men and four guns.

THE GOVERNOR LEAVES MAHABLESHWAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 30.

Lord and Lady Northcote, with the members of the staff, will leave Mahableshwar for Poona en route to Bombay, on November 2, to meet the Viceroy on the 8th. A detachment of the 1st Bombay Lancers, consisting of 109 rank-and-file, under two British Officers, will leave Poona for Bombay to embark for Bhuj and other places for Viceregal duty on November 2, also eight horses from the Batteries at Kirkee will leave this evening for Bombay.

Sir Robert Low will leave Mahableshwar on the 6th, arriving at Poona the following morning, and will leave for Bombay to meet the Viceroy the same afternoon.

Mahableshwar season is now drawing to a close. Several members of the Judicial Department are leaving. The Honourable Mr. Monteath is expected in Bombay on the 7th November.

Sir Robert Low will leave Bombay again on the 9th November for Mahableshwar.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

AN ENGAGEMENT WITH DE WET'S FORCE.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

An official despatch states that General Charles Knox overtook De Wet on the 27th instant at Rensburg drift which is midway between Venterstroom and Parys.

The Boers lost considerably, leaving two guns and three waggons in the hands of Knox and another ammunition waggon which exploded.

De Wet fled towards Parys under cover of the darkness and a heavy storm which came on prevented his being pursued.

CASUALTIES IN SOUTH AFRICA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 30.

The following casualties are reported :— 16th Seaforths—severely wounded, Lieutenant H. J. Hall, 17th October; Imperial Yeomanry—slightly wounded, Lieutenant R. B. England, 19th October; 2nd Seaforths—severely wounded, 2nd-Lieutenant Anstruther; Royal Engineers—severely wounded, Major H. Brooke, 20th October; Imperial Yeomanry—dangerously wounded, Lieutenant J. Crocker; killed, Captain G. E. B. Wood; slightly wounded, Captain Davidson, 15th October; 6th Dragoons—killed, 2nd-Lieutenant Swanston, slightly wounded, Lieutenants Paterson and Harris, 18th October; 2nd Royal Scots Fusiliers—taken prisoner, Lieutenant Finch, 24th October; 1st Royal Welsh Fusiliers—slightly wounded, Captain Delme Radcliffe and Lieutenant Nangle, 25th October; 2nd Royal Scots Fusiliers—killed, Captain Baillie; severely wounded, Captain D. A. Dick; 1st Royal Welsh Fusiliers—slightly wounded, Lieutenant Best, 19th October; 6th Dragoons—killed, 2nd-Lieutenant Calvert.

THE CHITRAL-RELIEVED TROOPS.

The Chitral troops arrived at Rabat, all well, yesterday.

MILITARY INTELIGENCE.

Lieutenant Duxbury, from the 17th Madras Infantry, becomes Squadron Officer, 4th Bombay Cavalry.

Lieutenant Woodway, from 4th Bombay Infantry, officiates as Double Company Officer, 4th Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Nixon, from the 1st Bombay Grenadiers, officiates as Squadron Officer, 6th Bombay Cavalry.

2nd-Lieutenant Lewis becomes Squadron Officer, 7th Bombay Lancers.

Lieutenants Bally, 1st Northamptons; Anderson, 1st North Staffords; Elphinstone and Dalrymple, 1st East Surreys; and Skinner, 1st Hampshires are about to be appointed to the Staff Corps.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, Oct. 29.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Parramatta arrived here this morning.

NAPLES, Oct. 29.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Golconda left here yesterday evening.

SUEZ, Oct. 29.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Caledonia arrived here from Bombay this morning.

ADEN, Oct. 30.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Matiana left here this morning.

The Austrian Lloyd's s.s. Gisela, from Bombay to Kobe, arrived at Colombo on the afternoon of the 29th instant.

NAGPUR NOTES.

Our local correspondent writes :—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta, who left Simla on the 13th instant, will, according to his programme, visit Khandwa on the 3rd November, Chanda on the 7th, Nagpur on the 10th, Raipur on the 14th, and Bilaspore on the 15th. He will hold a confirmation service at Nagpur.

From the notice published in a recent issue of the Central Provinces Gazette, one observes that the various municipal bodies have been asked to express their opinion in regard to a revised rule proposed to be introduced in the Municipal Fund Rules, these allowing pensions to municipal servants.

At a special meeting held on the 1st instant, the Nagpur Municipal Committee expressed their opinion that the withdrawal of the present discretionary power of granting pensions to municipal servants would deprive the municipal service of its greatest attraction, and as a consequence considerable difficulty will be found hereafter in obtaining really competent and hard-working men to join the service under municipal committees. It is hoped the above view, if at all introduced, will not affect those who are already in municipal service.

His Highness the Maharajah of Mourbhang, in the Balasore District, is said to be taking a keen interest in railways and has been in communication with the Bengal-Nagpur Railway authorities in connection with the construction of a light 2' 6" gauge line from the Baripada Road Station on the Khargpur-Cuttack Section to the town of Baripada, a distance of 32 miles.

Some local budmashes took advantage of the Divali festival to commit several thefts of a trivial nature in a few localities just to procure the means for gambling which is permissible during the festival for a couple of days. On the 20th instant, some thieves entered Mrs. Scutt's house, opposite the Medical Hall, and carried off a few articles. A thief also gained access into another house close by and would, but for timely alarm given by one of the inmates, have carried out his nefarious design.

Several cricket matches took place during the week. The Nagpur Gymkhana played a two-days' match with the military team at Kamptee. Although under the rules the game resulted in a draw still the military team did the better. A few interesting matches between other teams also took place at Kamptee.

The Divali festival will be brought to a close to-day, after a period of six days' celebration. The city and the other localities presented a most clean and tidy appearance for the past few days as every house was cleaned and colour-washed. During this festival a shower of rain is considered a propitious sign by the native population and some disappointment was therefore felt owing to no rain having fallen during the week, although the weather was generally cloudy. We learn that the Buffs Regiment, stationed here, will shortly proceed to Burma. The relieving regiment will be the 2nd Battalion 42nd Highlanders which has earned for itself a high reputation on account of the most distinguished service rendered in South Africa at Magersfontein under the command of the late General Wauchope. The officers and men of the gallant regiment the Buffs were very popular during the short period of their stay in Nagpur and their departure will no doubt be much regretted by their friends and well-wishers.

A boy about ten years old was run over at Mirtizapore Railway Station on Thursday morning. It is supposed that in the small hours of the morning he got up from his sleep and attempted to cross the line. I hear that the house of the Assistant Station Master, Kasars, G. I. P. Railway, was broken into on Tuesday night and jewellery to the value of Rs. 2,000 stolen.

It is noticed from the mortality returns of the Health Officer, that the total number of deaths registered in Nagpur during the week ending 20th instant was 126 against 129 and 135 in the two preceding weeks, and lower than the corresponding week of last year by 9. The mortality from fevers and bowel complaints amounted to 33 and 27 respectively, against 33 and 29 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 36·7 per mille per annum against 52·6 the mean of the last three years. The total number of births registered was 60, the ratio being 26·7 per mille per annum.

The old well on the platform of the Nagpur Station is being filled up at last and a ballast train has been brought into requisition to convey the large quantity of earth and sand required for the purpose from near Kapri Station. The well has a plentiful supply of water, which might have been utilized for engine purposes, instead of running the engines about five miles for water; but as this has not been taken into consideration it is better that the well should be closed up for good, though the authorities have taken a long time to consider the matter. The existence of the well on the platform must have been a continued source of anxiety to the ancient officials owing to the liability of accidents to any of the native passengers at night.

SPORT IN ENGLAND.

RUGBY AND ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

INTERNATIONAL WATER-POLO MATCH.

THE AMERICA CUP.

LONDON, Oct. 12.

The big game in the Association world on Saturday was at Sunderland, where a hard, bustling set-to between the rival factions of Wearside and Tyneside resulted in honours being divided, and neither team so far has besmirched its certificate. The enthusiasm in connection with the event was immense. Up in the north the football fever gives way to nothing of its kind the country through, and had the weather favoured all through the piece the Sunderland officials, increased facilities notwithstanding, would have been hard put to it to stow the crowd away. But it was a great assembly, nevertheless, and within a fortnight Roker has housed something like 60,000 people, with an equivalent in coin of the realm of over £3,000. This is improving, even on the palmy days of long ago. The game was one in which the honours were fairly evenly shared. Amid such tremendous excitement and glamour it was quite impossible for either team to play thoroughly sound, scientific football. From first to last, however, each side exhibited remarkable stamina, pace, and resource, but there was more individual effort than combination. Perhaps a large element of luck favoured the Novocastrians when M'Combie put the ball through his own goal, but it must be admitted that it was one of the rare bits of combination witnessed during the afternoon that led up to it, and it looked long odds on the United forwards putting the ball into the net. M'Combie was quite covered by them when—standing barely two yards out of the goal mouth—he made the fatal mistake. It was a brilliant effort on the part of Hogg that equalised the score, and, after a desperate struggle, United nearly snatched a victory in the last minute. It was a game which, while not being in any sense brilliant, thoroughly delighted the masses, and sent them away on good terms.

One or two surprises were the outcome of Saturday's League matches. Aston Villa received a surprise beating at the hands of the Bolton Wanderers. The Wanderers, who only regained their place in the First Division at the end of last season, have done badly so far, and their first victory on Saturday still leaves them only one place from the bottom of the list. Aston Villa's friends put down this loss to the effect of the weather on their game. The Villa are still at the top of the tree with their 11 points out of a possible 16., but their record is intrinsically scarcely so good as that of Notts Forest, who, with a match less played, are but a single point behind the champions. To beat the Blackburn Rovers on their own ground by three goals to one was a feat of no small significance. The English Cup-holders, with their four wins and one drawn game, are also well up among the foremost clubs; and their excellent football is quite consistent with the high honours gained by them last year. Of course, they had not much to beat on Saturday in meeting Stoke, who have yet to taste the sweets of victory. Liverpool and Everton both won well, and are among the sides who are so sternly contesting for the first place in the championship.

As the result of the Yorkshire Senior Competition contests on Saturday, Hunslet go to the top of the table, for they are the only club who have managed to win all their matches outright. Bradford and Halifax are still unbeaten, but each has lost a point in having taken part in a drawn game. Bradford's draw was at Hull, a most exciting contest ending in each side scoring a goal and a try. Hull had a chance to win the match when they obtained their try in the second half, but the goal kick failed, and Bradford got off with a level draw. The Bradfordians suffered a great disappointment in having Marsden disqualified for the day by the Professional Sub-committee. The rules, however, should be well known by this time, and if players do not bring a proper medical certificate when they are off work owing to temporary illness they and their club must take the consequences. The match between Hunslet and Brighouse was marred by the dismissal of three men from the game by the referee on account of rough conduct. Three players were also ordered off in the Leeds v. Holbeck match making six dismissals in two matches, which is a regrettable state of things, whether the offences were mild or otherwise. Apart from the performances of the leaders, the day's football was not specially noteworthy. Manningham, it may be mentioned, had another bad day, on their own ground this time, for Hull Kingston Rovers defeated them by 19 points to 5. To have 56 points scored against them in two successive matches is an experience without precedent in Manningham's record since they became prominent in Rugby football.

In the Lancashire section Swinton pursue the even tenour of their way, and added another two points at the expense of Warrington. As the "blues" were the only team who visited and were successful, their performance further emphasises their previous glowing deeds. This particular match has invariably been fatal to the aspirations of Swinton, and it was not until last season that the latter were successful at Wilderspool. It would now appear that the glorious record of Warrington has disappeared into the misty realms of obscurity—certainly the beautiful sequence of wins against Swinton are numbered with things of the past. The Warrington men, however, on Saturday did not knuckle under without a struggle, it being left to the speedy Lewis to settle the game. Warrington fought hard against their more scientific rivals, who gave several fine passing exhibitions, and in this department were streets ahead of the home team. The latter lament bitterly that they were unlucky in having Fisher's effort nullified by the referee, and are rather sore upon the point. However, the Swintonians fully deserved to win, and are likely to stick at the head of the competition for some little time.

The international match with Scotland is always regarded as the most important event in the polo world. It is the highest ambition of a player to gain his cap for this game. Honours against Wales and Ireland are looked upon as stepping-stones to this match in both Scotland and England; hence the two countries put forth every effort to select their best players for this encounter. Of late years the English players have been found superior to those of the Thistle, for with the exception of 1897, when Scotland won by two goals to one at Edinburgh, the English players have proved successful since 1892. This fact in no way disconcerts Scotland, whose players look forward to the event with quite as much keenness as do the English players, although it is admitted that they look upon the feat of beating the Englishmen in their own country as an exceedingly difficult one. When the venue is in Scotland they take an opposite view, and are always full of confidence. In Saturday's game, which was played at the Belgrave Baths, Leicester, the Scottish team presented a powerful appearance, and was probably the most stalwart that has ever taken the water. Four of them varied in height from 6ft. to 6ft. 4in. The tallest men on the English side were C. Smith, of Wigan who played in goal, and Graham Marshall, of the Natitus, who acted as skipper, both on the border line of 6ft. R. Gray, Wildgoose, Wilkinson, and Jarvis are all of medium height, but exceedingly well developed, as is Derbyshire, who is slightly below middle height. Scotland won the toss and defended the deep end. They were first to reach the ball, and Yuille missed a fine opening by shooting wide. The sprint champion tested the Scottish custodian with a good shot, and afterwards beat him with an excellent effort, thus notching the first goal for England. The English players came again and attacked strongly, and Jarvis, being fouled, was awarded a penalty, from which he scored. The Scottish custodian then distinguished himself, saying his charge repeatedly in splendid fashion. The ball was got away to England's end, where Taggart struck the upright, and Yuille, who had got clean away from his opponent, lost another grand opportunity of scoring. At half time the teams crossed over, England leading by two goals to none. Resuming, the Scottish players were the first to be seen to advantage, but try as they would they could not break through the defence of the Englishmen. The latter then got the upper hand, and Jarvis notched another goal. Martin was for the second time ordered out of the water, and Derbyshire scored the fourth point, followed shortly afterwards by a fifth from Marshall. When time was called England had won handsomely by five goals to none.

Sir Thomas Liptons has issued another challenge for the America Cup, and we heartily hope that his perseverance will be attended by the good fortune it deserves. He has asked, it seems, that the races shall be sailed in August instead of October, and it is thought that the New York Yacht Club will make no difficulty about the request. October is almost invariably a month of light and changing airs off New York Harbour, and if it be true that British yachts are better suited to stiffer breezes, August should give Sir Thomas Lipton's yacht a better chance. At all events we may reasonably hope that there will be no recurrence of the dispiriting drifting matches. Many people think that the British yacht must always be at a disadvantage so long as she has to be built tough enough to withstand an Atlantic voyage, while her rival need be designed, only with a view to ordinary weather on the coast. But we do not think that there is really much force in this discouraging reflection. The Shamrock was braced for the Atlantic trip by special artificial means and not by any unnecessary strength inherent in her design; she was "razed" carefully, and made the trip in a leisurely fashion. And the need to cross the Atlantic cannot interfere appreciably with the weatherly qualities of a yacht, in respect of which we have hitherto failed. In running and broad reaching our yachts have done well enough; in sailing close-hauled they have nearly always been out-pointed and out-footed.

Saturday was generally recognised all over England as the opening day of the cross-country season; and, as a consequence, the hare and hounds clubs were out in very strong force. The old-established Thames Hare and Hounds, by whom paper-chasing was first introduced as a recognised form of recreation for adults, had a capital muster at Roehampton, several members whose names were famous something like three decades ago putting in an appearance. The national champions, the Finchley Harriers were out in strong force at Neasden, and the Southern Counties Senior Champions, the Highgate Harriers, at Highgate and Waltham Abbey, and the Unity Athletic Club (Southern Junior Champions), at Highgate. A mile race home for a prize at the last-named gathering was won by F. S. Cleveley. The South London Harriers had a splendid muster at Croydon, the mile race home being won by C. W. B. King. The Blackheath Harriers met at Blackheath (where N. H. Prior won the mile race home), the Ranelagh Harriers at Putney, and other clubs were all strongly represented. A mile race home at the South Essex Athletic Club's opening run at Walthamstow, resulted in A. Coughlin, of the Sefton Harriers, winning the prize for first visitor.

The entries for the forthcoming exhibition of the Kennel Club, the finest show of sporting and other dogs of the year, have now closed. The number of entries reached exceeded general expectation, considering the close proximity of so many other important dog shows. It has been decided that none of the 410 classes into which the dogs are divided shall be cancelled, and this will form a feature of the utmost importance, not only to exhibitors but to visitors and the public generally, as in this way every breed of English and foreign dogs has been definitely provided for. The show will open on Oct. 16th at the Crystal Palace, Sydenham, and will continue for three days. The exhibits will comprise basset hounds belonging to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, bassets and borzois the property of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, The Duchess of Newcastle will exhibit deerhounds, borzois, and whippets, the Duchess of Sutherland toy bulldogs, the Duchess of Cleveland borzois, the Marquis of Anglesey Blenheim spaniels, the Countess of Darnley bull terriers, the Princess Montglyon collies, the Princess Sophia Dhuleep Singh Pomeranians, and Lady Kathleen Pilkington toy bulldogs, while almost every known breed will be represented by specimens from the best known kennels in the kingdom. It is confidently expected the present exhibition will equal, if it does not exceed, in interest any of its forty-four predecessors.

THE FAMINE.

BOMBAY RELIEF MEASURES.

During the week ending the 20th instant the rainfall was moderate or light in the districts of Bijapur, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara, in two talukas of Satara, and in the Native States of Jath and Jamkhandi; elsewhere there was none. More rain is urgently wanted in all districts. The prices of the staple food-grains have risen in Ahmedabad, Broach, Sholapur, Poona, Satara and Bijapur; elsewhere they have fallen or are stationary.

The numbers relieved are compared below with those of the preceding week.

	Preceding week.	Week under report.
Workers	212,933	163,855
Dependants	87,273	42,751
Gratuitously relieved in poor-houses and villages	355,293	296,249

The numbers on relief works, including dependants have decreased in all districts except Sholapur, which shows an increase of 1,248. The numbers in receipt of gratuitous relief in villages and poor-houses have also decreased in all districts except Bijapur, where there is an increase of 17. One small work under Civil Agency for the employment of people near their homes was opened in Kairs. Ten large works were closed during the week. An allotment of Rs. 215 was sanctioned for kitchens in Belgaum.

The number of persons in receipt of relief in each Province is shown in the following table :—

Name of Province.	Preceding week. Revised figures.		
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief	Total.
British Provinces.			
Bombay and Sindh	259613	354893	624512
Punjab	...	3506	3506
Central Provinces	31989	768041	800033
Berar	46936	112769	159675
Ajmere-Merwara	115	1577	1692
Total British Provinces	348853	1240795	1589448
Native States.			
Rajputana States	8006	15999	24005
Central India States	8796	16905	24701
Hyderabad	41034	31979	73013
Baroda	15574	22378	37952
Bombay Native States	47495	17544	65039
Punjab Native States	76	3615	3691
Central Provinces Feudatory States	3163	11878	15041
Total Native States	124144	119288	243432
Grand Total	472767	1360093	1832860

Name of Province.	Week ending 20th Oct.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	
British Provinces.				
Bombay and Sindh	204767	294769	499536	—125006
Punjab	...	...	...	— 3506
Central Provinces	12479	612175	624654	—175379
Berar	30512	92175	122987	— 36688
Ajmere-Merwara	...	626	626	1066
Total British Provinces	247758	999945	1247703	—341745
Native States.				
Rajputana States	6938	3898	10836	— 13169
Central India States	5042	10383	46924	— 7777
Hyderabad	22115	27330	49745	— 23,238
Baroda	...	...	...	...
Bombay Native States	39274	10998	50272	— 14767
Punjab Native States	...	2263	2263	— 1428
Central Provinces Feudatory States	3047	10142	13189	— 1852
Total Native States	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	...	...	...	...

MILITARY NEWS.

The Hyderabad Rifle meeting was opened in fine weather, yesterday morning, by Mrs. Louth, wife of Colonel Louth, of the Lincolnshire Regiment, firing the time gun. General Wodehouse and several officers and ladies were present on the range. The camp arrangements at Trimulgherry were excellent. In addition to the local garrison the Warwicks, the Welsh Regiment, and the Royal Scots are among the competitors. There are 206 British entries and 435 native entries up to the present, exclusive of team competitors. With the exception of the two matches the different competitions are framed under similar terms as in previous years, but all the team matches have drawn larger entries than last year.

BOMBAY ATHLETIC MEETING.

SECOND DAY.

The athletic sporting meeting was continued yesterday afternoon, when there was again a large attendance. The first event was the 220 Yards Handicap for Members of the Gymkhana, and this proved to be one of the best contests of the day. A desperate race ended in Marshall and Francis breasting the tape together, InnesKer, Arnot and Cole being very close up, though the former was placed. In the run off Marshall won by ten yards from Francis. J. Canavan, St. Mary's, won the 100 Yards Schoolboys' Race, A. Duffy, of the same school, being second. Private Sharp first caught the judge's eye in the 100 Yards Open, his time being 10 2-5 secs. Captain H. E. Browne got in the longest throw with the cricket ball, his distance being just over 91 yards. E. O'Brien added to his honours by winning the 100 Yards Challenge Cup restricted to Gymkhana members, C. E. Hollins being a good second. A. C. Warner rode a splendidly-judged race in the Mile Open Bicycle Event, F. W. Billeb, 120 yards start, being second. The Quarter-mile proved a very close contest, Cody and Billington going to the front halfway round, but in the straight Sharp made up a lot of ground, but failed to catch Cody who won by two yards, in 54 2-5 secs. time. Warner also won the Five Miles Bicycle Handicap. He quickly caught the handicap men, and led from the seventh lap to the finish. Doherty rode well, but he delayed joining the other competitors and this doubtless told in the sprint. Taylor, 70 yards start, was a good third. W. G. West put the shot 34 feet, Lieutenant Duncan being a few inches behind. In the Half-Mile Race Checkly set the pace and obtained a long lead. Dwyer made a splendid spurt, and overhauled the Black Watch man in the straight, and Checkly only just beat Hall for third place. The final for the tug-of-war was won by the Royal Scots after a long pull. A lot of interest was taken in the Veterans' Race which fell to Mr. F. A. Reddie, Captain Anderson just beating Mr. J. Stiven on the post for second place. O'Brien annexed the long-jump, and this award also won for him the Young Cup given to the competitor obtaining the highest number of marks. Mr. W. Ferrier won the Half-mile Steeplechase open to Rugby football players in fine style, and he also holds the Cup presented by the Officers of the Buffs for this event. The Open Steeplechase was taken by Private Billington, Privates Bossons and Peacock being replaced.

At the conclusion of the sports Mrs. Borton distributed the prizes, which were supplied by Messrs. Lund and Blockley, Messrs. Phillips and Co., and Messrs. Treacher. The arrangements were admirable, and the punctuality and method with which the contests were run off reflects great credit on Messrs. Heugh Symons and T. L. Roberts, the joint honorary secretaries, who worked most energetically.

The results are as follows :—

220 Yards Flat Race Handicap.—(Open to Members of the Bombay Gymkhana only.)—1 F. J. Marshall, 13 yards; 2 C. W. Francis, 19 yards; 3 M. Ker, 11 yards.

100 Yards Flat Race.—(School Boys.) Final—1 J. Canavan, St. Mary's College; 2 A. Duffy, St. Mary's College; 3 S. Waman, St. Xavier's High School.

100 Yards Flat Race.—(All-comers.) Final—1 Pte. Sharp; 2 A. P. Cody; 3 Pte. M. Mossman.

Time.—10 2-5secs.

Throwing Cricket Ball.—(Members and Honorary Members only.)—1 H. E. Browne; 2 H. C. Hill; 3 Lt. Pocock.

Length of throw, 91 yards.

100 Yards Flat Race.—(Challenge Cup.)—Open to Members and Honorary Members of the Bombay Gymkhana.)—1 E. O'Brien; 2 C. E. Hollins; 3 L. B. Ravenscroft.

Time.—10 4-5secs.

1 Mile Bicycle Handicap.—Final.—(Open to all Amateurs.)—1 A. C. Warner, scratch; 2 F. W. Billeb 120 yards; 3 Gr. Taylor, 30 yards.

Quarter Mile Flat Race. (All comers)Final—1 A. P. Cody; 2 Pte. Sharp; 3 Pte. Billington.

Time.—54 2-5secs.

Tug-of-War.—British.—Final.—Royal Scots beat Norfolk Regiment.

Five Miles Bicycle Handicap.—(Open to all Amateurs.)—1 A. C. Warner, scratch; 2 H. Doherty, scratch; 3 Gr. Taylor, 70 yards.

Time.—14mins. 9secs.

Putting the Shot.—1 W. G. West; 2 Lt. R. W. Duncan.

Length, 34 feet.

Half-mile Flat Race.—(Open to All-comers.)—1 Gr. J. O. Dwyer; 2 Corpl. C. Checkley; 3 Pte. J. Hall.

120 Yards Veterans' Handicap.—(Members of the Bombay Gymkhana only.)—1 F. A. Reddie; 2 Capt. Anderson; 3 J. Stiven.

Wide Jump.—(Open to Members and Honorary Members of the Bombay Gymkhana.)—1 E. O'Brien; 2 C. E. Hollins.

Distance.—19ft. 8in.

Half Mile Steeplechase.—(Rugby Football-playing Members.)—1 W. Ferrier; 2 W. H. Cole.

Half Mile Steeplechase.—(Open to British Soldiers and Sailors.)—1 Pte. Billington, Shropshire Regiment; 2 Pte. W. A. Bossons, Cheshire Regiment; 3 Geo. Peacock, 2nd Royal Scots.

NOTES FROM GOA.

Our local correspondent, writing from Pangim, on Saturday last, says :—Much sympathy is felt for the retired General Lucio de Faria who has lost his only son, a promising young man studying medicine in the Grant Medical College of your city. —Messrs. W. Watson and Co. of Bombay, who lately opened an agency at Marmagoa, has now established here a sub-agency, and it is to be hoped some more English firms will follow the example.—Death has deprived us of a very useful Sister of Charity, who was for some time past in a bad state of health at the Retreat of N. S. de Piedade and who died as is generally acknowledged, in the odour of sanctity, for her life was one of trials and sufferings, and she always worked most assiduously in the interests of the poor and the children confided to her care. From the preparations which are going on and the amount sanctioned by Government for expenditure on the occasion of your Viceroy's visit, it is expected that Lord Curzon will meet with a grand reception. Among the gentlemen expected here on the occasion is your worthy and popular Commissioner of Customs Dr. Pollen, who has received a special invitation to be present on the occasion of the British Viceroy's reception.—No less than 20 lakhs of cocoanuts have been exported to British India during the last two months and the article is now scarce and dear.—The German steamer Settos, bound for Zanzibar, is expected here, from your port, on the 30th inst.—The new Chief Secretary to Government, Count de Lagoaca, who took charge of his office on the 24th instant, has already become very popular.—Dr. Nunes, the indefatigable surgeon of the W.I.P. Railway, has, with his family, gone to Bangalore for a short change of air, while your well-known bookseller and general commission agent, Mr. Bernardo Furtado, has, after four years stay here, returned to Bombay.

LORD ROSEBERY'S EXPERIENCES OF THE TURF.

In the "Life and Speeches of Lord Rosebery" just issued, the following passage occurs which may throw some light on his sale last week of his racing stable :—

I will give you my experience of the turf, and you shall judge whether I have not some foundation for the advice that I give. A great many years ago —too many years ago from one point of view—and at an early age—much too early an age from every point of view—I conceived the ambition to win the Derby. For a quarter of a century I struggled. Sometimes I ran second, sometimes I ran third, very often I ran last; but at last the time arrived when, as Lord Wenlock reminded you, I was about to realise the fruition of my hopes. I was with the second Ladas about to win the Derby, and I ought to have been the happiest of men. Well, after a quarter of a century of fruitless expectation, I won the Derby. But what was the result? I at that time held high office, as Lord Wenlock has also reminded you, under the Crown. I was immediately attacked from quarters of an almost inspired character for owning race-horses at all. With very little knowledge of the facts, and with much less of that charity that "thinketh no evil," I was attacked with the greatest violence for owning a race-horse at all. I then made the discovery, which came to me too late in life, that what was venial and innocent in the other officers of the Government—in a Secretary of State or a President of the Council, for example—was criminal in the First Lord of the Treasury. I do not even know if I ought not to have learnt another lesson—that, although without guilt and offence, I might perpetually run seconds and thirds, or even run last, it became a matter of torture, to many consciences if I won.

BOMBAY CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A special meeting of the Improvement Trust was held yesterday afternoon, at the offices, Albert Buildings. There were present Mr. S. Rebsch, presiding, Brigadier-General Ventris, the Hon. Mr. C. T. Burke, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtula, Dr. Viegas and Messrs. W. L. Harvey, F. Grey, J. H. Willcocks, D. E. Wacha, Sassoon J. David, and J. Macrae.

A NEW MEMBER.

The Secretary submitted a notification from Government appointing Lieut.-Col. H. D. Olivier, R. E., to be a trustee in the place of Dr. Blaney, resigned.

On the motion of the Chairman Lieut.-Col. Olivier was appointed a member of the Land and Reclamation Committees.

THE LAYING OUT OF THE MARINE LINES ESTATE.

The Board resumed consideration of the report of the Land Committee, submitting revised proposals for laying out the building area of the Marine Lines estate.

Brigadier-General Ventris submitted the following minute on the report :—On looking over the papers I find that on the 16th February, 1899, I recorded it as my opinion that the question of building on the Marine Lines should be deferred until the building schemes, then on foot, were concluded when we could judge of the necessity of further building. I am still of the same opinion. If however it is decided to proceed with this scheme at once, warned by the experience of the Wellington Lines, I would strike out every alternate plot from proposal No. 6 and see if the remaining ten plots are taken up. If they go off the other nine could be interpolated subsequently. By this means we shall guarantee a symmetrical arrangement of the estate and of the ten plots and the proposed arrangements would be of great benefit to the residents themselves as well as to the Recreation Ground. I do not like the air passage being closed by joining each pair of stables and hope they can be separated especially if they are two-storeyed.

The Chairman proposed the adoption of the Committee's report. In regard to General Ventris' suggestion, he did not think there was any reason to fear that these plots would not be taken up. There had already been inquiries for a number of plots. He however quite saw the force of the General's proposal and in the first instance they could let alternative sites, the remainder being let afterwards. A great deal of the objection would fall by the plots being let at once. He considered these were the most eligible plots in Bombay.

The report was adopted and it was agreed to advertise the sites.

THE COLABA RECLAMATION SCHEME.

The Secretary submitted a communication conveying the approval of the Government of India to the Trustees' proposed Colaba Reclamation Scheme. This scheme provides for the reclamation of sixteen acres of land extending from south of Wodehouse Bridge to the Panday Sanitarium.

On the motion of the Chairman it was agreed to request the engineers to prepare full estimates of the cost and anticipated profits of the scheme. The Chairman explained that the matter would be again submitted to the Board for formal sanction and would afterwards be laid before Government and upon receiving their formal sanction the work would be proceeded with.

THE FIRST NAGPADA SCHEME.

The Chairman had circulated a memorandum submitting revised proposals for relaying out 1st Nagpada. They provided for a few broad main roads instead of a number of cross roads.

Dr. Viegas suggested that if possible a recreation ground should be provided in this area.

The Chairman agreed that a recreation ground was desirable but as this was the first scheme that had been sanctioned his feeling was that every endeavour should be made, consistent with efficiency to keep down the expenditure. He did not think it would be wise to go into the question of a recreation ground at this stage but it could come up later on.

Mr. Wacha said the Government intended that the Trust should from time to time provide recreation grounds and the public would not reproach the Board over the cost of any number of such places they chose to provide.

The Chairman observed that he would consider the matter and the proposals were agreed to.

GROUNDING OF THE S. S. BAHADURI.

MARINE COURT-OF-ENQUIRY.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, a marine court-of-enquiry was held to enquire in the circumstances attending the grounding of Messrs. Shepherd and Co.'s s. s. Bahaduri, off Chorwar, on the Kathiawar Coast while on a voyage from Bombay to Karachi. The court was composed of Mr. W. Webb, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, president, and Captain F. E. Hardcastle and Captain J. J. Edord, marine surveyors, members. Mr. Smith acting Solicitor to Government, appeared for the Crown; Mr. Noble, of Messrs. Smetham, Bland, and Noble, appeared for Messrs. Shepherd and Co., the owners of the steamer; while Mr. Dunlop, of Messrs. Crawford, Browne and Co., appeared for the captain of the Bahaduri.

Sulleemanjee Fakir, master of the s. s. Bahaduri, examined by Mr. Smith, said he took charge of the steamer on the 5th October, at 5 p.m., in Bombay. She was then about to leave on a voyage to Karachi, touching at intermediate ports. She was drawing ten and-a-half feet of water forward and fifteen feet aft. Witness had a patent log on board, which he used throughout the voyage. He used a lead and a correct ly marked line to take soundings. Witness came to know at the time the vessel grounded that the log was not in working order. Before the accident occurred, neither witness nor any one else on board did anything to see that the log was in working order. There were 321 passengers on board at the time the steamer left Bombay on the 6th October. Witness had made previous voyages from Karachi to Bombay. When the steamer went "full speed," she covered

A BOER DELILAH.

THE FASCINATING WOMAN WHO WAS KRUGER'S SPY.

One of the most fascinating stories of the war that have as yet found their way into print was told in the "Daily News" by that journal's brilliant war correspondent, Mr. A. G. Hales.

It is the story of a woman whose remarkable personality, and still more remarkable cunning, enabled her to play the part of Kruger's spy to perfection, and to entrap British officers into parting with precious military secrets, the knowledge of which by the Boers was the direct cause of some of our greatest disasters.

Here is Mr. Hales's description of this South African witch :—

"She was a woman of about thirty years of age. Madame was of German or Swedish nationality, married to a Russian civil engineer. She was not a beauty, but her face was full of charm, her eyes had the gift of eloquence, and she could say more without opening her mouth than most women can impart who possess a tireless tongue. She could be gay or sad, pathetic, pleading, or imperious at will.

"Her hands were shapely, soft and white, and had the trick of clinging caressingly to masculine fingers when the humour suited the dame, and men who knew her well and who later on came under her spell have told me that there was a magnetism in her touch which drew men to her as moonlight draws the sea—something dainty, like the scent of the wattle flower at the dawning in the nostrils of the bushman.

"Her waist would fit the crook of a man's arm, her bust was fashioned on a model designed by the gods. When she reclined upon a settee she looked like a tigress basking in the sun, so full of lissom grace and vitality did she seem, and when she walked her body undulated like the ripples on a running river."

HER WAY OF WORKING.

Her first mission was among the Boer women in the Free State and Natal.

"When she left Johannesburg on her frequent trips she was not wasting her time, as folk fancied. From town to town, from farm to farm, she went with restless activity, organising a system of spying among the Boer women. It was Madame who arranged that when our troops arrived anywhere in Natal or the Free State the wives of the farmers and their best-looking daughters should visit our lines with fresh eggs, fresh butter, and other little luxuries. She instructed them to take note of the number of men in each camp, the numoer of guns, and the quantity and condition of our horses. Each was advised to send all information so gleaned promptly to the nearest Boer commando, and right well they obeyed her when the time for action came." Presently she established herself at Capetown, in a sweet, secluded villa, and "looked very pathetic in her loneliness." Among others who fell under the spell of her fascination was a certain British officer, of the bluest blood—a man with "a pretty face, soft blue eyes, and a brain to match." Mr. Hales describes him as a poltroon in war, and a simpleton in all else. He was the witch's shadow.

"He thought he was footing the green-grass widow but she 'knew' she was squeezing him dry. All that she gathered from him went rapidly, either by trusty messenger or by code pre-arranged, to Delagoa Bay, and from there it soon found its way into the hands of the Boer leaders, who laughed heartily around their mess-tables at the doings in the 'little nest' at Capetown.

"At first the noble one had Madame to himself, but as his information petered out she snared others and he had many rivals, and from each she gathered something of use to her and her Boer friends. Like a skilful angler, she played them all, varying her play to suit her fish.

From one she gleaned how many men were with a certain general ; from another she learnt how many guns he had ; from another she found out how many mounted infantry men were with him ; from another she got a good inkling of his intentions, and the route he intended to pursue, not asking too much from anyone, for fear of arousing suspicion, but gleaning a little from each.

And all the time our generals at the front, battling for a nation's honour and a nation's trust, wondered how in the name of all that was evil the Boer commanders always forestalled them in every important move.

SHE FEARED KITCHENER.

But Delilah met her match in Kitchener.

"She ran her eyes over the tall gaunt figure, the rugged ugly face. She looked into the prominent all-seeing eyes, and knew at a glance that she was face to face with a magnetism stronger than her own, and nothing would induce her to go near him again.

"'That is the most dangerous man in Britain,' she said. 'I feel as if I were within the shadow of death when I am near him. He is a man for men to conquer. No woman can reach him to use him ; he would read me like an open book in an hour, and I believed he would shoot me as he would shoot a Kaffir if he caught me red-handed. I will try all other men, but not that living death's head. No wonder he conquered in Egypt. I think he would conquer in Hades.'"

By and by this extraordinary creature began to feel she was suspected. So she went up-country for a change of air.

"Wherever she went she was welcomed by our officers, and it was a noticeable fact that disaster to our arms followed her friendship. A time at last arrived when she found it absolutely necessary to confer with the Boer leaders. She had our whole military system at her fingers' ends, the gist of things she had sent to her friends, but full details could only be conveyed by word of mouth. So she determined to make the effort. Dyeing herself as black as the inside of a camel with nitrate of silver and logwood, she stood transfigured as a Kaffir woman, and it was then that her glorious figure stood her in good stead. From farm to farm right through the Free State, on to Pretoria, she was passed. And in Pretoria she gave the Boers information worth a king's ransom."

And so Delilah nearly ruined the British Samson. At present she is supposed to be in London.

A REVENUE GRIEVANCE IN AHMEDNAGAR.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to us concerning what he alleges in an unjust demand that has been made upon the cultivators of Ganore for the past twenty years :—In 1879-80 he says, when the revision survey was made at Ganore Taluka, Akola Zilla, Admednagar, and the rents for lands were fixed, some water had come through the "ohol" (a small passage for water) on account of heavy rain in that year, and consequently all the lands thereof were permanently assessed at Rs. 4 per acre, treating them all as lands enjoying water, as the water was actually enjoyed by some in that year. The people sent several petitions to the revenue authorities of the district as to the unfairness of the assessment stating that the water, as a rule, flowed through that "ohol" one perhaps in fifteen or twenty years, and only when there is a heavy fall of rain and at such times it is utilised by the people by putting up temporary sand-banks. The matter was also brought up by Mr Raojee Ramchandra, a Kulkarni of the village, who urged that such assessment should be effected only at such times when the water actually passes through this "ohol" and from such persons only as use it. The petition was returned with a formal reply that enquiries would be made, and if satisfied with the accuracy of the statements, the assessment would be reduced. But the matter is still pending, though it is now nearly twenty years old, and the people are compelled to pay the exorbitant and unfair assessment, which amounts to nearly Rs. 500 per annum as shown above, and which is exacted even in times of famine. It was even decided by the Collector on an application from the said Kulkarni, Raojee Ramchandra, that if there were no water passing through that "oho" in 1899, the grievances would be immediately attended to. But nothing has as yet been done.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

Wednesday, 31st October.
Vigil of All Saints.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral).
Thursday, 1st November—All Saints' Day.
7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral).

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.

Afghan Memorial Church.
All Saints' Day.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
5 p.m.—Evensong.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.

(Near School of Art.)
All Saints' Day, 1st November.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral) Merbecke.
Hymns—427, 423 and 437.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

All Saints' Day.
31st, 8 p.m.—Solemn Evensong and Sermon.
1st, 6 a.m.—Holy Eucharis .
7 a.m.—Solemn Eucharist.
8 p.m.—Solemn Evensong.
All Souls' Day.
2nd, 7 a.m.—Requiem Celebration.
Alms for the All Saints Community.

CHURCH OF S. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.

All Saints' Day, November 1st.
7 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.
8-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

A MAKER OF ENGLAND.

ADMIRAL BLAKE.

APPRECIATION BY LORD BRASSEY.

The following is the address delivered by Lord Brassey at the unveiling of the statue of Admiral Blake, at Bridgwater, last week : It is a high privilege to come among you to-day to unveil the statue of Admiral Blake. It is the more gratifying if I may permit myself to believe that I owe the honour to that love of the sea and care for sailors which has been the main purpose of my life. It needs no special knowledge or experience to appreciate how priceless is the value to England, and to the whole British Empire, of the services rendered by the great captains who have led our fleets to victory. In that noble band Robert Blake, Admiral and General at sea, ranks among the most illustrious. Bridgwater is justly proud that it is the birthplace of the naval hero to whom we are paying our tribute to-day. Here he followed the business of a merchant here he lived for many years, and here, in a more tranquil age, he might have ended his days unknown to fame. Another destiny was in store for him. His lot was cast in the stirring period of Cromwell and the Commonwealth. It called him forth from the retired life of a private citizen to be an empire builder—to be one of the makers of England.

THE DUTCH WARS.

When we survey the history of the officers who have fought and won famous victories for their country we do not look to the considerations we have in view in contemplating the career of the statesman. The responsibility for determining the justice of his country's cause does not lie with the commanders of the national forces. Their part is to receive the call with unquestioning loyalty, and to obey. We admire in these men their deeds of personal valour, and their self-sacrificing devotion to duty. We come here to pay our tribute to Admiral Blake not as a statesman, but as a man of action, resolved in a grave crisis of his country's history "to prevent foreigners from fooling us." I will not attempt a full story of Admiral Blake's short but brilliant career at sea. It is the less necessary because we have all been reading an admirable narrative written by Captain Montagu Burrows, Vice-Chairman of the Blake Memorial Fund. But let me briefly recount the services rendered by Admiral Blake in his short but splendid career of eight years in the command of fleets. His first successes were gained in conflicts with Prince Rupert. The next enemy was Holland. With assurance of your general assent, and without detracting one iota from the fame of Admiral Blake, I cannot omit to say that we Englishmen deeply regret our many wars with that gallant little nation, to whose aid we were indebted at a turning point in our history for the establishment of our revered and Protestant Monarchy. The love of independence is no mean virtue in any people. We admire that quality in the Boers. It was their exclusiveness and arrogance which had made our relations with the Republics intolerable. Admiral Blake's battles with the Dutch were hard fights Greater seamen than the Dutch Admirals of those days—Tromp, de Ruyter, and Evertsen—have never trod the deck. Through a prolonged struggle they offered a stubborn resistance. In the end Admiral Blake, by fearless courage and skilful conduct, established an undisputed supremacy for the British flag in the North Sea and the Channel.

PIRACY IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

The efforts of Blake were next directed to the suppression of piracy in the Mediterranean. Never in all the long interval since the Crusades had the squadrons of England visited those historic waters. Our hearts are aglow even to-day as we recall that, when the flag of England was once more seen, it was on a mission of mercy. At the bidding of Admiral Blake, Algiers, Tripoli, and Tunis were compelled to release their Christian slaves. The war with Spain was the last service on which Admiral Blake was engaged. His health was already broken. For a while he was compelled to leave the fleet off Cadiz and to return to England. While still quite unfit for duty he embarked once more in March, 1656. The British fleet was directed to intercept the treasure ships of Spain. They were met off Santa Cruz. The Spanish fleet was annihilated. It was the crowning exploit of Blake's career. Worn by disease, he sailed for England. He died as his ship was entering Plymouth Sound. It would have been impossible on such an occasion worthily to narrate the deeds of Admiral Blake. Enough has been said to show that, when it was resolved, in 1898, on the tercentenary of his birth in Bridgwater, to raise a statue to his memory, recognition was being given to an officer of exalted merit. I have briefly referred to his victories at sea ; I must mention, though I cannot dwell on them, the services of Admiral Blake in the manning and organization of the Navy. It is not too much to say that he laid the foundation of that successful system upon which the Navy has ever since been administered. To his conspicuous merits as a sea officer Admiral Blake added moral qualities of the highest order. He was contemptuous of private gain. He was in the loftiest sense a patriot.

"ADMIRALS ALL."

It is well that the lives of such men should be remembered. They stand for ever as a shield and a buckler to their country. They are worth more to us to-day than whole fleets of ironclads. They inspire a wholesome respect for the prowess of British seamen. Their example fills those who come after with a noble ambition to emulate their deeds of glory. Englishmen are caring for their Navy to-day as perhaps they never did before. In many a stirring strain the poets of our time, led yesterday by Tennyson and to-day by Rudyard Kipling, are voicing the sentiment of the hour. I may fitly close with a stanza from the pen of Henry Newbolt, breathing that national spirit which we are met here to-day to preserve and to foster :

"Effingham, Grenville, Raleigh, Drake,
Here's to the bold and the free.
Benbow, Collingwood, Byron, Blake,
Hail to the Kings of the Sea !
Admirals all, for England's sake,
Honour be yours and fame !
And honour as long as waves shall break
To Nelson's peerless name !

Men of Bridgwater it has been on your part a right resolve that the name of Admiral Blake shall not be forgotten in the place of his birth. When your illustrious townsman first went afloat, England had many rivals. In the short space of eight years he had made his country the sovereign of the seas. It is her proudest title. May she through all time retain it, using her power to protect the weak and the defenceless, to maintain justice, and to spread from West to East, and from Pole to Pole, the blessings of religion, of civilization, and peaceful commerce.

THE QUEEN'S PRESENT TO KING MENELEK.

AMONG the passengers on board the Massilia, which left Tilbury Dock on October 13th are two splendid specimens of fox terriers and four pedigree greyhounds. These dogs are bound for Aden *en route* to Abyssinia, their destination being Addis Abeba. The two terriers are, I understand a present from the Queen to the Emperor Menelek, and were selected by Her Majesty at Balmoral ; while the greyhounds will be presented to the Ethiopian monarch by Colonel Harrington, the British Agent at the Court of Menelek, in the name of his Government. The dogs arrived at Buckingham Palace Mews in fine condition. They will be taken to Aden under the charge of Mr. Harwood, the naturalist, who accompanied Lord Lovat and Mr. Weld-Blundell in their recent expedition to Abyssinia. This gift to Menelek on the part of the Queen and the Government has, a correspondent says, been made at the special desire of Menelek, who wished to receive, above all things, the finest example that could be procured of an English fox terrier and a coursing greyhound. The way in which his wishes in this respect have been met is sure to gratify the old monarch more than the most costly playthings which have been of late lavished upon him by the several European Powers represented at Addis Abeba.

From the simple evolutions of two army corps the present great Army Manœuvres have developed under William II. to such a pitch as to stimulate to the full the intelligence of the German Army ; and as the number of troops increases and it is possible to make use of accumulated experience, each year, as we have just seen, produces fresh developments. Accidents, of course, will happen. Circumstances often give success unexpectedly, and commanders, as we have seen so often in the South African War, may be surprised by circumstances ; but it is of the utmost importance both for leaders and for men to learn to adapt themselves quickly and unconcernedly to the unexpected —to learn to snatch victory from defeat ; and if they can be taught, these things are what the Manœuvres have the power to teach.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER." Sold by Chemists, and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE FIGHTING IN ASHANTI.

HEAVY CASUALTY LIST.

The Colonial Office has issued an official report of the fighting in Ashanti on the 29th inst. The total casualties on the British side were thirty-one. Colonel Sir J. Willcocks refers specially to the behaviour of the Sikhs, and adds :—I am recommending Major Mellis (for) conspicuous gallantry. This is his fourth wound since the expedition started, all being received (while) leading (a) charge. Following British officers deserving of special mention :—Lieutenant-Colonel Henstock, A. A. G.; Major Montanaro, Royal Artillery; Captain Williams, West African Frontier Force ; Captains Charrier and Luard, Central African (Regiment) ; Captain St. Hill, West African Regiment ; Captain Godfrey, Indian Staff Corps ; Captain Pamplin Green, Gold Coast Constabulary ; Captain Bryan, West African Frontier Force ; Captain Leland, Gold Coast Constabulary, Aide-de-Camp ; Sergeant Major, Grenadier Guards, West African Frontier Force, Captain Stewart, Resident in Kumasi, accompanied expedition, and gave me all possible information, which considerably helped me in my movements. To-day (October 1) Major Cobbe, Indian Staff Corps, (with) 800 men (and) two guns, (has) gone to pursue enemy across Offin River.

TRACING THE GOLDEN STOOL.

Mr. Corder, mining engineer of the goldfields of Eastern Akim, has arrived at Accra with circumstantial and apparently trustworthy information as to the whereabouts of the famous Ashanti Golden Stool. While passing through the small village of Yokoko on September 27 on the way from Kibbi to Accra, he was informed by Mr. Dick, a European, that his company was in charge of the construction of that section of the road, and that he had that day seen King Prempeh's stool and regalia under an armed Ashanti escort at the house of an Ashanti chief named Achampong, residing at Yokoko. Mr. Corder rushed the house, but Achampong had apparently been warned, and decamped with the stool and his followers into the bush. There appears to be little doubt that the stool thus traced is the genuine one. Mr. Dick and others who have since reached Accra, declare that they have seen and handled it. They describe it as very massive, with two heavy golden chains and solid balls the size of oranges, also two golden figures symbolical of office. Mr. Dick estimates the value of the stool at £20,000. The Governor, it is understood, will offer a reward of £1,100 for its recovery.

RETREAT OF THE ENEMY.

There are signs of the approaching end of the campaign in Ashanti. The enemy, since Sunday's severe defeat, appear to be hesitating, and may probably need one more defeat before asking for peace. The "Standard's" special correspondent at Kumasi says the enemy have now retired a long distance north of Kumasi, and must be followed. Additional officers for the Field Force may shortly be required, owing to casualties in the field, and the ravages of the climate.

The following telegram from Colonel Sir J. Willcocks to Mr. Chamberlain has been received at the Colonial Office ;—

Kumasi, October 4.—Returned yesterday evening. Flying column under the command of Cobbe followed enemy's forces as far as Fufu to the north of Offin River. Completely destroyed two rebel camps. Met with no resistance.

Ashantis scattered in every direction, abandoning villages, all their personal property, and also large number of arms and ammunition. Roads were, in places, three feet under water owing to excessive rain.

It gives me much pleasure to report number of native soldiers reported missing from column which left Kumasi for Cape Coast June 23 are gradually returning. There are some wounded and others, by latest reports, now lying in forest sick and wounded.

Small-pox broken out amongst the native soldiers and also carriers.

"WILLCOCKS."

PAINLESS SURGERY.

A NEW DISCOVERY.

When the question is asked, "What is the greatest discovery of the 19th century ?" the reply not infrequently made is, "The suppression of pain in surgical operations." Americans seem to have carried the study of anæsthesia a step further. Patients suffering from a weak heart cannot, as is well known, be put under chloroform without danger. A Chicago surgeon has discovered a way of performing operations upon such persons without pain and without sending them to sleep, and consequently without risk of life. His method is merely to inject cocaine into the spinal canal. The spinal marrow—a sort of telegraph wire between the extremities of the body and the brain—apparently absorbs cocaine, injected not into the marrow itself, but into the canal. As soon as absorption has taken place telegraphic communication may be said to be interrupted for the time being between the nerve end, where sensations of pain are received, and the brain where they are felt. The following particulars of the new discovery are given in a Chicago dispatch to the Paris Edition of the "New York Herald" : "The method of producing anæsthesia for surgical operations by injecting cocaine into the patient's spinal canal has been successfully tested in the Cook County Hospital when a man's right leg was removed. The patient's vitality was very low, and time was consumed by the cocaine to accomplish complete insensibility to pain. About ten minutes before the operation was wholly over, however, the subject showed evidence of collapse, and a mild application of chloroform was administered. During the whole time the patient had all his mental faculties, and declared that he could not feel the knife. It was an hour and a quarter before the numbness had entirely left his body. The patient's condition, the surgeons say, is highly satisfactory. Another more delicate operation with the use of cocaine was performed upon a woman, who did not suffer a twinge of pain, although the operation is one of the most perilous in surgery."

THE NEW CABINET.

The London correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian," who is usually well-informed, writes :—

The hints in the "Times" as to the construction of the new Cabinet point to three immediate conclusions—namely, the retention by Lord Salisbury of the Premiership, the sharing with another Cabinet Minister of the duties of the Foreign Office—perhaps under some such arrangement as Lord Rosebury concluded with Lord Kimberley,—and the retention by Mr. Chamberlain of the Colonial Office. This is, of course, a serious setback to Mr. Chamberlain's ambitions, which a few days ago, looked as if they were very near fulfilment. How seriously his advent to power is regarded may be measured by the general opinion that the prospect of a Chamberlain Premiership was the cause of the recent fall in securities. There remains the question of the great administrative offices. It seems inevitable that Mr. Hanbury should go either to the Admiralty or the War Office unless the official coldness which has checked the career of this able man is allowed to prevail against merit and experience. Lord Cromer's return to England, of course, revives the old idea of his accession to the Foreign Office—an admirable appointment in some ways, but against all precedent, and possibly distasteful to the Conservatives, who see the great prizes of the State transferred one by one from their party to the Liberal Unionists. Possible alternatives to Lord Cromer—whose appointment to the Cabinet is positively denied this evening,—should Lord Salisbury be relieved of, at all events, nominal responsibility for foreign affairs, are Lord Curzon and Lord Lansdowne. Both these appointments would more or less indicate that the Prime Minister retained actual command of the most important post in the Cabinet.

No corner of London has changed more of late years than Knightsbridge, and especially that part of the district which lies between Alexandra Gate and Knightsbridge Barracks. At present, with the enlargement of the French Embassy now going forward at Alexandra Gate, and the building of a huge hotel and blocks of flats at the corner where the Brompton-road branches off, changes are going forward more rapidly than ever. Here stands Knightsbridge Green, now a little angle of paved alleyway, situated between and overshadowed by these modern buildings. Up to within recent memory it was a semi-rural spot, but the Great Exhibition of 1851 put an end to rusticity in this direction. A relic of that time, of course, is the "Paxton's Head Inn," so named from Sir Joseph Paxton, the inspired gardener to whom the design of the exhibition building, now the Crystal Palace, was due. Times move so quickly that even that sign seems old-world now. One of the most telling touches of modernity here, where the roads branch, is the equestrian statue of Lord Strathnairn, a fine work, now mellowing with London smoke and grime. It is no fault of the sculptor, perhaps, but the plumed helmet, with gilded plumes, bears an odd resemblance to a pineapple.

DR. MARTINEAU ON EMERSON AND CARLYLE.

ALSO ON MR. BRYCE'S "AMERICAN COMMONWEALTH."

THE "ATLANTIC MONTHLY."

The latest number of the "Atlantic Monthly" magazine contains a selection from hitherto unpublished letters addressed by the late Dr. Martineau to his friend, Mr. B. B. Wiley, of Chicago, under somewhat peculiar circumstances. Although that eminent divine maintained in this way a close relationship with his correspondent for over thirty years, during which time (as the "Atlantic Monthly's" contributor observes), he "entered into the life of his friend with rare sympathy and understanding," the two men remained separated by four thousand miles of sea and land, and to the last they never met. The correspondence opens with a letter, date, "Dundonnell Old House, Ropshire (? Rossshire), Sept. 20, 1862," which comprises the following interesting criticism :

DR. MARTINEAU ON EMERSON.

Emerson himself I love and honour more than his books, though they, too, report a sweet and noble nature, that has cleared itself into a light serene and sublime by pure force of inward fidelity. I have been reading his Conduct of Life and am quite offended at the little justice done to it by the critics. It seems to me rich in wisdom. Still, I regret his way of reaching the balance of truth, by giving an overbalance to each side of it by turns, and trusting to one extravagance for the correction of another. It is a habit that demands too much comprehensiveness in his reader—whose nature may get a twist from some strong trust of thought, from which the counter pressure fails to recover him. The symmetries of Nature are better, which are careful to show themselves in every part as well as in the whole. I fancy this method of his may be the lingering consequence of Carlyle's early influence upon him. But the over-statement native to Carlyle's intense, deep, but somewhat fierce and narrow genious, is less congenial with the serene and lofty breadth of Emerson's wisdom and sympathy. There is, however, something in Emerson which I am disqualified for apprehending, for his "poetry" is to me a complete enigma, which, neither in form nor in substance, speaks to me at all. Doubtless he is wider than I am ; and the defect is in me.

In a letter written some fifteen years later, the writer refers to the great affliction he had then lately suffered in the loss of his beloved wife :

"A DARKENED PATH."

The year that is closing has been the saddest of my life, and leaves me the survivor of a companionship most entire in thought and affection from betrothal in 1822 to death last month. A blessing thus prolonged I cannot be so faithless as to turn from gratitude into complaint. If I step into a darkened path I carry with me a blessed light of memory which gives at least a "gloaming," though the sun is set, and promises a dawn when the night is gone. The short vigil will soon be over ; and while it lasts, neither the departed nor the lingerer can quit the keeping of the Everlasting Love.

Apropos of the so-called "Ethical Societies," which were at that time in America dividing the Unitarian societies of the West, Dr. Martineau in a letter dated January 13th, 1888, says, "I do not myself believe in the efficacy of purely Ethical communions ; short of the enthusiasm of Personal affection between the spirit of man and Spirit of God the blending of Religion is not reached and no permanent cohesion can be expected on the mere ethical ground of relations between man and man." With characteristic fairness, however, he adds that "those who do not share this opinion are altogether in the right to try the experiment." English readers will find in the letters many other noteworthy and interesting passages, among which are the following :

DR. MARTINEAU ON MR. BRYCE.

Your letter finds me when I am in the middle of Professor James Bryce's instructive book on the American Commonwealth ; which so thoroughly transports me into your circle of public problems and private sympathies as to enhance the interest and meaning of every word that reaches me thence. I have not observed what impression his three volumes have left upon your literary men and jurists ; but it strikes me as by far the most judicial and comprehensive, as well as sympathetic, estimate yet presented by a European writer of your wonderful political and social world. Bryce is a highly accomplished and interesting, as well as excellent man, marked out for eminence within our small class of true statesmen.

THE ALLEGATIONS AGAINST BRITISH OFFICERS AT PRETORIA.

SATISFACTORILY EXPLAINED.

In a reply to the charges made against the British officers who were prisoners in Pretoria by Mr. Richard Harding Davis, the Rev. W. J. Batts states that the real reason for the removal of the officers from the Model School to the prison outside the town was the escape of some of the prisoners from the school and the fact that "it was definitely known that information had been conveyed (to the officers) from at least one house near by." There is now no harm in publicly stating what is known to a large number of individuals, that the British officers were kept very fully informed of what was going on outside by a plucky English girl, a Miss Cullingworth, whose family resided in a house close to the Model School. An official high in the service of the State Telegraphs, whose sympathies were with the British, taught Miss Cullingworth the Morse alphabet, and regularly supplied her with the latest news sent over the telegraph wires. Standing inside the front door of the house, Miss Cullingworth with a small flag signalled the news brought to her by the official, and the message was read by an officer stationed at one of the school windows, standing far back to escape detection. It was, of course, a very risky proceeding, and the officer who had taken the message would write it down and pass it round at meal-times. Although the Boers knew that information was reaching the prisoners, they never discovered the method employed. On being released the officers waited on the Cullingworth family to express their gratitude, and presented Miss Cullingworth with a small memento in recognition of her pluck. The officer who gives these particulars says that it was the news they received in this way that really kept them alive, for from Boer sources they heard nothing but tales of continued disaster to the British arms, and their spirits would have suffered terribly had they been left wholly without a glimpse of the other side of the picture.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

OCTOBER 30.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bahmo, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.
Cable Tarifa Tangier, interrupted.
Cable Mole st. Nicholas Cape Haiti, interrupted.
Line Shanghai-Tientsin, interrupted.
Cable Paramaribo Cayenne, interrupted.
Cable Zanzibar Mombassa, interrupted.
Land lines also between Saigon and Hue interrupted.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., o the 30th October.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	30	1	46 p.m.	1	5
Suez	30	2	30 p.m.	...	34

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 30th October.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	0	48	0	1
,, Karachi	0	30	0	5
,, Madras	1	30	0	1

INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Week ending 20th October, 1900.

Description.	1900.	1899.	Inc. for the week.	Dec. for the week.	Aggregate Inc.	Aggregate, Dec.
Miles Open ...	1,130	1,130	...	...	...	...
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Passengers,	47,314	56,149	...	8,835	...	29,691
Parcels, &c.	1,33,181	83,909	49,272	...	5,23,570	...
Goods ...	4,430	5,286	..	856	...	39,396
Other earnings ...						
Total for week	1,81,925	1,45,344	39,581	...	...	...
Miles Open ...						
Aggregate ...	24,50,940	19,86,757	...	...	4,63,483	...

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, October 27.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

UNDER the provisions of section 9 of the Statute 24 and 25 Vict Cap 67 the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that H E's Council shall assemble at Calcutta in the jurisdiction of the Lieut Govr of Bengal.

The services of Mr W Maxwell of the Indian Civil Service are placed at the disposal of the Finance and Commerce Dept.

The services of Mr R A Mant of the Indian Civil Service are placed at the disposal of the Finance and Commerce Dept.

Mr W H Hoey has been permitted to resign H M's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 31st July 1900.

Mr J D Anderson has been permitted to resign H M's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 17th Aug 1900.

Sir T J C Chichele Plowden K C S I has been permitted to resign H. M's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 1st Sept 1900.

The services of Mr E Maconochie of the Indian Civil Service Bombay Estabt are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of Bombay with effect from the 29th inst.

The services of Mr R G Hardy C S I of the Indian Civil Service are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of the N W Provinces and Oudh.

The services of Capt W A Bailey 36th Bengal Infy are placed at the disposal of the Govt of the Punjab for employment as an officiating Cant Magistrate.

The services of Mr A B Bernard asst Inspr Genl Govt Railway Police Howrah are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Dept for employment as Offig Asst to the Genl Supt of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Govr Genl is pleased to accept the resignation by each of the undermentioned gentlemen of his office of Additional Member of the Council of the Govr Genl for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations :—The Hon Mr C L Tupper C S I I C S ; the Hon Mr H C Fanshawe C S I I C S ; and the Hon Nawab Muhammad Hayat Khan C S I.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

The services of the undermentioned officers who were deputed on famine duty in the Bombay Presidency by Notifications Nos. 1027 and 1155 dated the 21st of May and the 4th of June 1900 are replaced at the disposal of H E the Commdr-in-Chief in India :—Lieut H Tatum 9th Regt of Bo Infy ; and Lieut A H E Mosse 4th Regt of Bo Infy.

With reference to Notincation No. 1616-F dated the 25th July 1900, constituting the Indian People's Famine Trust the following appointments are made to the Board of Management under rule 3 of the Rules for the Administration of the Trust :—

By tae Govr Genl in Council—Member and Chairman—The Hon Sir F W Maclean Kt, K C I E, Q C. Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature Fort William Bengal.—Members—The Hon Maharaja Rameshwara Singh Bahadur of Darbhanga Additional Member of the Council of H E the Govr Genl ; The Hon Mr C M Rivaz C S I Member of the Executive Council of H E the Govr Genl ; Sir W J Cuningham K C S I Secy to the Govt of India in the Foreign Dept ; and Mr T W Holderness C S I Secy to the Govt of India Dept of Revenue and Agriculture.

By the Govt of Madras—Member—The Hon M R Ry P Ananda Charlu Vidia Vinoda Avargal Rai Bahadur C I E Additional Member of the Council of H E the Govr Genl.

By the Govt of Bombay—Member—Sir A Wingate K C I E Commissioner of the Central Divs Bo Presidency and Additional Member of the Council of H E the Govr Genl.

By the Govt of Bengal—Member—Raja Bun Behari Kapur of Burdwan.

By the Govt of the N-W Provinces and Oudh—Member—The Hon Mr H F Evans C S I Member Board of Revenue N-W Provinces and Oudh and Additional Member of the Council of H E the Govr Genl.

By the Govt of the Punjab—Member—Mr J F Finlay C S I Secy to the Govt of India Finance and Commerce Dept.

By the Hon the Agent to the Govr Genl Rajputana—Member—Mr G R Irwin I C S Offg Genl Supt of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti.

By the Hon the Agent to the Govr Genl Central India—Member—Khan Bahadur Yar Muhammad Khan C S I Minister of the Jaora State.

By H H the Maharaja of Jaipur—Rai Bahadur Hari Ram Goenka Municipal Commr and Hony Magte Calcutta.

ARCHÆOLOGY AND EPIGRAPHY.

Mr E W Smith on return from the medical leave granted in Notification No 2317—11-16 dated the 16th Aug 1900 resumed charge of the duties of Archæological Surveyor N-W Provinces and Oudh Circle on the forenoon of the 7th Oct 1900.

LAND-SURVEYS.

Lieut F C Hirst I S C Asst Supt 2nd grade Survey of India Dept on probation is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 8th Oct 1900.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps with effect from the date specified subject to confirmation by the Secy of State for India :—Lieutenants—J D Macpherson Essex Regt Double Company Officer 33rd Regt 3rd Burma Battn of Madras Infy dated 28th Sept 1900 ; R D Jennings south Lancashire Regt offg Brandred officer 11th Prince of Wales Own Regt of Bengal Lancers dated 1st Oct 1900 ; and Second Lieut R C Smith Yorkshire Regt offig double company officer 22nd Punjab Regt of Bengal Infy dated 29th Sept. 1900.

FIELD OPERATIONS—CHINA.

Lieut Col P F O'Connor I M S Bengal Estabt is appointed Principal Medical Officer of the troops of the British Contingent China Expeditionary Force at Shanghai.

PENSIONS.

Condr A Temple Public Works Dept (Madras) has been transferred to the pension establishment.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Subject to H M's approval the undermentioned Major is granted the temporary rank of Lieut Col whilst serving as regimental commandant, Indian Army :—J F Wilson.

Subject to H M's approval the undermentioned Capt is granted the temporary rank of Major whilst serving as regimental commandant or second-in-command, Indian Army :—A W Newbold.

The following promotions are made subject to H M's approval :—Captains to be Majors—K P Burne, H Comine, Brt-Major H Bower, W O M Mosse, C H Dawson, S de S Smart, H T Kenny, W A W Strickland and W W Norman. Lieutenants to be Captains—F C S P Samborne, K S Cassels, C M Carter, C L Gaussen, and E A Swinhoe.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE—BOMBAY.

To be Colonel—Lieut Col J S Wilkins D S O vice Col S O' B Banks whose tenure has expired.

RETIREMENTS.

Major Genl A Clark-Kennedy I S C has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to retire from the service with effect from the 30th Sept 1900 subject to H M's approval.

Hony Lieut G O Forrest Senior Asst Surgn Indian Subordinate Medical Dept Bengal is permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 29th May 1900 subject to H M's approval.

REWARDS—GOOD-CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

The undermentioned non-commissioned officers of the Bengal Unattached List are awarded the silver medal for long service and good-conduct without gratuity for the quarter ended 30th Sept 1900 :—Sergts F R R Ricketts and S W H Pepper Commissariat Transport Dept.

With reference to Article 280 Army Regulations India Volume I Part I the undermentioned officer having been absent from military duty for ten years is transferred to the supernumerary list, with effect from the date specified :—Major J Davies Asst Political Agent in subordinate charge Southern Maratha Country Jaghirs Dated 11th September 1900.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery—C C Kernick Gent to be Second Lieut to complete the establishment.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS

Mr F G H Anderson I C S is posted as Depy Accountant Genl Bengal with effect from the 11th of Oct 1900.

Mr M Bhattacharyya is posted as Asst Comptroller General in charge of Outside Audits with effect

NAVAL AND MILITARY NOTES.

THE "Kolnische Zeitung,' writing of the German Manœuvres, says:—The warlike events of this year and the last have shown us that in spite of the Russian Czar and his Peace Conference, we are far from the time when we can do without soldiers and big guns. The history of our own days teaches us in the most convincing fashion that the only guarantee of peace is to be found in the almost careful preparation and education of our army (and no less of our fleet) for war. It is therefore the duty of our War Lords, with our powerful Monarch at the head, to strive ceaselessly from year to year to keep our army and our fleet in a state of readiness for war, and to see that the German Army retains the lead which it has won by means of the latest weapons, the best organisation, and the highest point of efficiency.

Germany was the first of the Great Powers to grapple firmly with the problems consequent on the invention of new weapons and the reorganisation and rearrangement of masses of troops necessitated thereby; she developed the intimate connection of the three arms (horse, foot and artillery) for the purposes of war; she increased the possibility of leading and directing large masses of troops; she indicated the necessity for preparation before the fact, and, finally at the end of last year she organised, as a new factor in modern war, a vitally important element—the rapid conveyance of troops.

Modern war will not be waged solely on the field of battle. The more important part of the fight now takes place before war breaks out. In Germany the great Army Manœuvres, which take place annually in one part of the country or another in the presence of the chiefs of the army, are not only a test of the military progress of the year, of the military ability and endurance of the troops of the different army corps, but they should also show the result of the earnest efforts for the well-being of the army, in the interests of the Fatherland, of all the units taking part. The Imperial Manœuvres, however, have a peculiar use of their own—they are a most important factor in the training of the senior officers, first by reason of the choice of *locale* and the numbers of troops that take part; then from the problems which arise out of the leading of scattered divisions in difficult conditions; from the necessity for clear and prompt orders, and an effective system of military intelligence; and, finally, from the opportunities given for judicious handling of great masses of artillery, and for the timely hurling of large forces of cavalry into the fight. All these things give the leaders a chance to show judgment, decision, and an apprehension of events; they offer the only favourable opportunity of making practical trial on the basis of the latest developments and experiences of the modern methods of leadership, scouting, and accurate intelligence in warfare.

Having regard then to this element of uncertainty, it was the aim of the leaders on both sides to avoid a definite scheme of action for the Manœuvres, and thanks to the tireless work of the General Staff, the German Manœuvres reached the pitch of efficiency in all directions which we saw displayed in a difficult country in Pomerania this year.

A good deal of work is in hand at the French yards. At Cherbourg, the "Yacht' says, the destroyer Espingole has completed her trials by running torpedoes and firing her guns at various angles, as well as by attaining the expected speed at sea. Efforts have been made in fine weather to re-float the torpedo-boat Bouet Willaumez, which sank near the Gauthier rock north of Lezardrieux, but without success, and prospects of success are now remote. She is an old boat of no great value. The battleship Hoche, which has returned to Cherbourg, will, it is said, form part of the armoured division, which the Northern Squadron is to detach to Bizerta towards the close of the present year. These ships are to be fitted with bilge keels. At Brest preparations are being made to constitute the new light squadron, to the command of which Rear-Admiral Gourdon has just been appointed. The third cruiser will be the D'Assas, the others being the Bruix and Dupuy de Lome, with the Cassini, La Hire, and Fleurus, and perhaps the Infernet for a short time. There are now five battleships at the port belonging to the squadron, but the Formidable and Amiral Baudin are expected to leave for Bizerta with the Hoche.

In this case the first division will comprise the Masséna, Carnot, and Amiral Duperre, but the latter will soon be put in hand for reconstruction. The ships were placed on October 1 in the scale of reduced complements for the winter, according to the provision made by the Parliament, but retains all their officers. At the present time the Bruix is at Rochefort, changing her boiler tubes. At Toulon the cruiser Cosmao has been put out of commission. She has returned from Constantinople, were she will be replaced by the torpedo cruiser Vautour. The Etoile is the second vessel in the Bosphorus. The Mediterranean Squadron is undergoing modification. The Brennus, Terrible, and Lavoisier, are to go into the reserve, and the St. Louis will replace the first named as flagship. The squadron will then consist of two divisions, each perfectly homogeneous in itself—the first comprising the St. Louis, Charlemagne, and Gaulois, and the second the Charles Martel, Bouvet, and Jaureguiberry. Vice-Admiral de Maigret succeeded Vice-Admiral Fournier in the command on October 1.

In relation to the creation of an armoured squadron, to have its headquarters at Bizerta, it is instructive to learn that the works of that port are being energetically pushed forward under the direction of Captain Merleaux-Ponty. At the suggestion of that officer the Minister of Marine has decided to establish complete stores and magazines there with a proper staff and a committee to investigate the best method of doing so has been appointed.

The Italian Superior Naval Board met at the end of September under the presidency of Admiral Accini and has held another meeting during the week to examine the plans of two naval constructors for a new type of fighting vessel. Admiral Morin proposes to call the vessels about to be put in hand the "Vittorio Emanuele, Elena, and Roma.

Vice-Admiral Hoffmann lately commanding the first squadron of the German fleet having completed his period of command has been succeeded by Prince Henry of Prussia. The Prince's last important command at sea was on the China station, when he went out with the now famous "iron fist" when Kiauchau was occupied.

The French papers are very full of laudatory criticism of their recent grand manœuvres. They all give high testimony to the good will, the intelligence, the activity, and the endurance of the troops, as well as to the excellent qualities in the officers which led to such good results. A nameless military *attache*, who has been interviewed by the "Echo de "Armee," was enthusiastic in his admiration of what he saw, and was particularly gratified to witness the cheerfulness and spirit of the men. Thus the three battalions of the 115th Regiment marched upon a particular day a distance of fifty kilometres, and, on reaching their cantonments, he heard them singing and joking, apparently not very fatigued. Finally, he said that the French infantry was marvellous, and that henceforth the moral strength of the country would be doubled in Europe. The "Progres Militaire" has the same high appreciation of the personal qualities which have been displayed, and draws particular attention to the fact that the great army moved and operated, and was furnished with all necessary supplies without a single hitch.

At the same time the voice of criticism is not still and, although we have not seen in any French papers such a strong attack upon the French tactics as is conveyed in the correspondence of the "Times," some observations are offered which would seem to be well justified. The "Progres" considers the operations to have been a school of training for the men, and does not seem to suspect that they were not trained in the art of utilising the ground. But it remarks that the manœuvres have failed as a school for superior officers, in not having placed before them the problems they would have to face in war, such, for example, as the discovery of the enemy, the examination of his position, and the penetration of his purposes. Credit is given to General Brugere for having done his best to introduce the element of the unforeseen, especially in ordering night attacks. Nevertheless from the point of view of the command, the operations are pronounced to have been much of a failure. It was in the work of reconnaissance, says the "Progres" that the French were weak in 1870 when the Germans far surpassed them, and it draws attention to the very different character given to manœuvres in Germany now. Thus in regard to the recent operations in Pomerania the "Militar-Zeitung" has stated that though the date of commencement was September 10, the manœuvres actually began on the 3rd, the intermediate week being given up to the preparatory operations of search and contact. It would appear that in the operations of the French, the points of contact being already indicated, the officers did not take great interest in the work of leading up to the discovery of them.

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We will recognise as a bird anything belonging to the feathered tribe, whether it be a Hen, Crow, Singee or any other kind. You can use any letter as many times to make a name as it appears in the list of letterr above; for instance, Woodcock, Plower, Snow Bird, &c. To any persons who can make a list of 25 or more different names of birds, we will give absolutely FREE a beautiful Prize value £200 or less.

BIG PRIZES AWARDED DAILY.

When you have made out your list fill out the line on the bottom of this adv. and send to us with a Stamped, Addressed envelope, then if you are awarded a prize you can if you desire get the prize by becoming a subscriber to *The Woman's World*. We shall award a prize to every person who sends the name of 25 Birds, and our gifts will be as follows: For the best list, received each day, a Gold Watch; for the second best solution each day a beautiful Imported Tea Set; for the seven next best solutions, each day a Kouran-Sakib Diamond and Ruby Ring; for the next best solution, a Gold Piece; and for all other correct solutions, Prizes of Good Value. These prizes will be forwarded daily, you will not have to wait a long time in uncertainty before you know the result. There is no element of lottery in our plan, it makes no difference whether we get your solution late or early in the day. All you need is to post this adv. to us, and on the day it reaches us, if your list is the best YOU SHALL HAVE THE GOLD WATCH or if second best the beautiful Tea Set, and so on. We guarantee that we will award you a prize. There is absolutely no opportunity for deception on our part—we cannot afford it. We want to get 1,000,000 well satisfied subscribers, and for that reason we don't want you to send any money until you know exactly what prize you have gained by answering the puzzles. As soon after 4 p.m. each day as possible, the examiners will judge the lists to the best of their ability, and will designate the prizes. We will write to you at once notifying you what prize has been awarded you, then if you are fully satisfied you can send your subscription to *The Woman's World* and your prize will go by return of post carefully packed. To a person of narrow ideas it seems impossible that we should be able to make such a gigantic offer, but we have the money, brains and reputation, we know exactly what we are doing, and if we can legitimately gain a million subscribers by this grand idea, we know that this million of well pleased subscribers can be induced to recommend *The Woman's World* to all friends thereby building up our circulation still further. We are willing to spend £5,000 in this contest in building up a big subscription list, and when this money is spent we reserve the right to publish a notification that the contest has been discontinued. Don't delay until it is too late. The contest will continue until January 1st, 1901.

We give A Bonus Prize of £50 independent of all others to the person who sends in the list gotten up in the best and handsomest manner. Our Committee will decide and award prizes daily, but the special £50 prize will be awarded in March 1901. Any birds name found in the dictionaries accepted.

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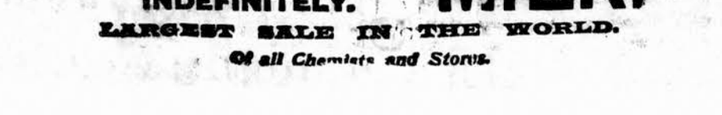

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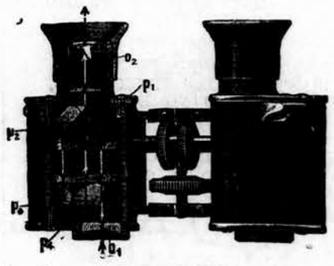

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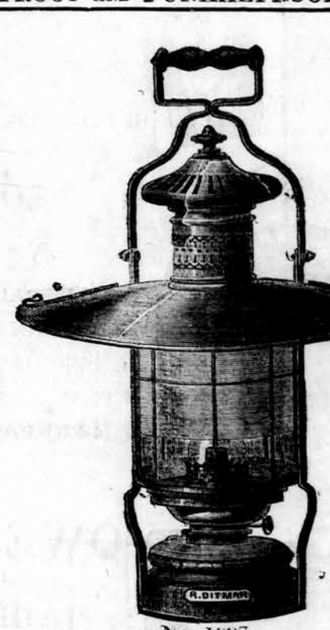

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